

THE ANTIOCH NEWS

VOL. XXVI

ANTIOCH, ILLINOIS, THURSDAY, MARCH 6, 1913

PASTOR SEEKS WOMAN CROOK

Rev. McGinnis Enlists Aid of Waukegan Police in Search for Woman Embezzler

MERCHANTS OUT MONEY

Revival Was to Receive Surplus Funds Collected From Swindler Who Solicited Advertising from Merchants

The Police Department have been enlisted in the search being conducted by the pastors of the Protestant churches of the city for a "woman of mystery" who fleeced a number of merchants out of big sums of money.

The "woman of mystery" went to Waukegan Tuesday night. Wednesday Thursday and Friday she solicited advertising from merchants for a church publication which she said would be published in Waukegan.

Early Wednesday morning the woman visited with Mrs. Litchfield, President of the King's Daughters. She procured a list of the officers of the various church organizations from Mrs. Litchfield. These lists were exhibited to the merchants of Waukegan.

Friday night she told one merchant that the proceeds of the publication would be given to the revival committee. Rev. McGinnis, pastor of the First Baptist Church was informed of the statement made by the woman, and all day he searched the city for the "woman in black." At two o'clock he enlisted the police in the search for the woman.

It is a known fact that several merchants paid the woman for advertising. One or two merchants gave her a check. Payment on which has been stopped.

The woman told Mrs. Litchfield that she would give the church societies a free write-up in the publication, and that she would pay for the expense of the publication by procuring advertisements.

Thomas Tyrrell, assistant chief of police, believes the woman is still in Waukegan. "The woman is a fraud. She does not represent any legitimate publishing company," said one pastor in an interview.

Members of the police department have been furnished with a description of the woman.

The woman applied for a room at the Hotel Washburn Tuesday night, but was asked to leave the hotel when she refused to pay the hotel clerk. She attempted to borrow the room rent from a traveling man, who refused to even speak with her. "She gave the hotel clerk an awful tongue lashing," said Pastor McGinnis.

People's Town Caucus

A caucus of the legal voters of the town of Antioch will be held on Saturday, March 15, 1913, at the village hall in the village of Antioch between the hours of 1 p. m. and 5 p. m., for the purpose of nominating one candidate for each of the following offices:

One Supervisor, one Highway Commissioner for 2 years, one Highway Commissioner for 3 years, full term, two Constables, two Justices of the Peace, and three Committeemen, who shall constitute the Town committee for the ensuing year.

All voting in said Caucus, shall be by ballot containing the names of all candidates and the manner of conducting the Caucus and all voting therein, shall be as near as may be in accordance with the Australian system of voting. The undersigned Chairman and Secretary shall act as Chairman and Secretary of said Caucus and shall certify the names of the successful candidates as required by law. No ballot shall be counted unless it shall be endorsed thereon, the initials of one of the judges hereinafter named. Each person desiring to become a candidate in said Caucus shall give his name to one of the undersigned Town Committee on or before Friday, March 14, 1913, and then pay his share of the expenses of said Caucus.

Town Committee,
Geo. Webb, Chairman.
Roy Pierce,
Eugene Herman.
Dated, Antioch, Ill., Feb. 25, 1913.

THE NEW BANK BUILDING

Will Cost \$10,000 to Remodel the Berry Block at Waukegan

Clinton H. Burnett, correspondent for the directors of the Waukegan National Bank, states that the directors of the newly organized bank have decided to spend \$10,000 in improvements on the Berry Block.

It is the intention of the bank directors to tear out the Genesee street wall of the block and construct an entire new stone front. That portion of the building now occupied by Henry Strang the barber, will be rebuilt. A stone front will be installed. The north wall of the building will be resurfaced with stone.

Work on remodeling the building will start one week from next Tuesday. The bank officials hope to be in their new building by the first of May.

The only officer selected as yet is John W. Barwell, who has been made President of the company. The directors are: J. W. Barwell, L. J. Yayer, Fred W. Buck, J. Preston Arthur, D. T. Webb and H. C. Burnett.

It is said that Willard Ward will resign his position with the First National Bank to take one with the Waukegan National Bank. H. C. Burnett is now assistant cashier at the First National Bank. Grant McArthur, until recently an employee of the People's Bank, has accepted a position with the First National Bank.

HIRAM TUCKER

PASSED AWAY

WEDNESDAY

Wednesday afternoon at 8:00 occurred the death of Mr. Hiram Tucker of this village, who for many months has been a patient sufferer from cancer.

He was born May 29, 1837, in Ashland county, Ohio, and on June 30, 1899, at Reedsburg, Ohio, was united in marriage to Sarah Weatherly, who survives him. He is also survived by one brother, Cyrus Tucker, of St. Louis, Mo.

The funeral services will be held at the M. E. church, Friday at one o'clock with burial in the Hillside cemetery.

ADDITIONAL LOCALS

We understand Ben Emmons of Minneapolis, is sick with typhoid fever.—Chetek Alert.

For Sale or Rent—The Jarvis Hotel, Lake Villa, completely furnished and doing a fine business.

I now have on hand a car load of choice No. 3, yellow, shelled corn \$25.50 per ton from the car. Frank Haycock.

There will be a basket social at the Hickory church, Wednesday evening, March 12. Ladies bring lunch for two.

For Sale—Electric lamp, iron bed, Ingrain rug, base burner, small heater and dressmakers form bust measure 36. Mrs. Frank Palmer. Phone 523. adv 2w

The merrygoround has gone round to the extent of \$45.90 up to Wednesday of this week, and there are still many more in view as well as some that have not as yet turned in their proceeds.

Well! Inauguration is over and we now have a democratic president. Remember the many predictions both pro and con. Will they come to pass or won't they? Wait and see.

Mr. and Mrs. Charles Duroff of Chicago were the guests of Mr. and Mrs. B. J. Rosecrans, on the Judge Cooper farm, north of town, the fore part of this week.

Homer Case treated a party of ten young people to a sleigh ride party on Tuesday afternoon, arriving at his home at Channel about 6:30. There a bounteous supper was served after which the evening was very pleasantly spent in playing various games. The occasion ended with a homeward sleigh ride by moonlight.

The committee in charge of the County Convention have planned to hold a county revival meeting Tuesday March 11 at the Armory at Waukegan at nine a. m. and 2:30 p. m., with Dr. Henry Ostrum as principal speaker. At 8:00 o'clock Sunday Dr. Ostrum will speak at the Armory to men only on the subject "Spending."

Next Sunday evening a missionary trip to the Islands of the Sea at the M. E. church. 60 beautiful stereoscopic pictures from Honolulu, Kusaie, Marshall Islands and Gilbert Islands, showing their people, country and missionary work among them. Songs sung from the screen. Fine new electric light, the pictures show clearly. Short sermon by the pastor. Free will offering for expenses. Everybody welcome.

GARDNER SUCCESSFUL DAIRYMAN

Solon Man Tells How he Makes His Dairy a Profitable one

MILKS THREE TIMES A DAY

Figures Show That Herd of 20 Holsteins Average one thousand pounds of Milk Per Day

W. H. Gardner of Solon, one of McHenry county's most successful dairymen, has a dairy of twenty Holsteins that produced better than 1000 pounds of milk per day during the months of December and January, or a daily average of 50 pounds per cow. During the two months Mr. Gardner delivered to the Wieland milk plant at Solon 57,155 pounds of milk, his check for the two months amounting to \$1013.70. Mr. Gardner's December dividend amounted to \$485.82 for 26,990 pounds and the January dividend called for \$527.88 for 30,165 pounds. The above figures do not average 1000 pounds per day for the two months, 100 pounds having been used each day for feeding calves. Adding this to the total factory receipts, however, would bring the total a trifle over the 1000-pound daily average.

Mr. Gardner is one of the new school farmers and is a firm believer and strong advocate of the present day farming methods, carrying on his dairy and other farm work along scientific lines. His cows are fed a balanced ration, containing those feeds which are required for milk production, they are kept in a sanitary and well ventilated barn are given the very best of care. Each cow is fed and milked three times a day. The extra milk obtained from the third milking more than pays for the feed consumed and work involved, according to Mr. Gardner, who claims that a cow gives ten pounds more milk if milked three times a day during the first two or three months after freshening.

Relieving that some dairymen would be interested in his system of feeding, Mr. Gardner has given us the balanced ration that his cows are fed, from which they average 50 pounds of milk per cow during the last two months.

The ration consists of 50 pounds of silage, 15 pounds of alfalfa and 12 pounds of ground feed. The ground feed is a mixture of 400 pounds of ground corn and barley, 125 pounds of Ajax Flakes, 100 pounds of gluten, 100 pounds of bran and 100 pounds of oil meal. The above ration of 77 pounds is the average daily ration of each cow, though he varies the amount given to each cow according to her size and age. The ration is for a cow that is fed and milked three times a day and would prove a too heavy feed for cows milked only twice a day.

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GRIFFIN AND GREEN RETURN EXCESS FEES TO THE COUNTY

Sheriff Elmer Green and his predecessor Elvin Griffin have complied with the suggestion of Auditor Sims and have turned into the county treasury \$1151.55 in excess fees.

Several weeks ago the Waukegan Gazette announced that Auditor Sims had found a discrepancy in certain offices. Mr. Sims did not say that this money had been misappropriated. He said that the funds had been taken through a misunderstanding of the new law, that denies county officers the right to accept fees for certain work.

It developed that Sheriff Green had accepted fees for taking patients to the State hospital for the insane. He accepted 25 cents per mile for taking patients, where he should have taken but ten cents per mile. He made the same mistake in fees for taking prisoners to the state penitentiary at Joliet. He also accepted 50 cents as turnkeys fees for every prisoner thrown into the county jail. These fees were in excess of those allowed by law.—Waukegan Gazette.

From John Hay.
Speak with the speech of the world, think with the thoughts of the few.—John Hay.

VOLIVA TAKES FIRST STEP

Voliva Has Declared War on Ralph J. Dady State's Attorney

Wilbur Glen Voliva, overseer of Zion City, has declared war on State's Attorney Dady and trial judges of this district.

Mr. Voliva contemplates giving an illustrated exposure of trials in Lake County courts.

"That he and his people, have been persecuted by Dady, and county judges, is the statement of the overseer of the Christian Apostolic church in an interview.

The overseer will make a cartoon and picture attack on Dady and others. Already he has declared his intention of renting space in Waukegan and Lake county newspapers to expose the court officials to the public.

On Sunday, April 20th, Mr. Voliva will speak from the platform at the Auditorium in Chicago. He claims he will tell the people of the big metropolis how he has been persecuted by Lake County. He will conduct meetings at Orchestra Hall, Chicago on the fourth Sunday in May, and the second Sunday in June.

The first cartoon which has been prepared for the overseer will show the Independents of Zion City bringing in twenty Italian "floaters" to vote them at a city election. Twenty cartoons will be published by the overseer before the close of the summer season. He plans on giving a talk in Waukegan during the month of July.

Mr. Voliva claims he has never received justice at the hands of State's Attorney Dady, or Charles Whitney, Judge of the Circuit Court. He makes a similar complaint about Perry L. Persons, judge of the County Court.

NEW BANK BUILDING IS PLANNED FOR LAKE VILLA

That Thomas Sexton is planning to erect a fine \$30,000 bank building at Lake Villa, is the latest report. It is stated that the plans have been drawn and that the building will be one of the prettiest ever designed for a small country town.

Front will be of a colonial style with attractive face brick and corners. The first floor will be used entirely for the banking business and the upper story will be used for offices.

The bank is in operation now, but its quarters are not suitable for the business so the new building is almost a necessity.

CHRISTINA SORESENSEN AND ANDREW NIELSEN MARRIED IN CHICAGO

On Monday afternoon of this week, March 4, in Chicago occurred the marriage of Mrs. Christian Sorensen and Andrew Nielsen both of Antioch. They are both well known in this vicinity especially Mrs. Nielsen, who for some time resided on Victoria street in this village.

We are informed that they are planning to make their future home upon a farm near Sand Lake.

Their many friends are extending congratulations and best wishes for their happiness and prosperity.

DEATH OF MRS. FRANCIS SMITH OF CHANNEL LAKE

Mrs. Francis Smith of Channel Lake was called upon to answer to the final summons on Monday afternoon of this week, breathing her last near the hour of 6:30 o'clock.

The deceased was born in McCon county, Mich., on the 17th day of October, 1844, and was 68 years, 4 months and 14 days old at the time of her death. At the age of three years she came to Lake county, Ill., and has since that time made her home in the vicinity of Channel Lake.

On the 10th day of November 1874 she was united in marriage to Isaac Smith who, passed away in December 1900. To them was born one son Harry who resides at Channel. Besides him, the deceased is survived by two brothers, Henry Smith of Hallack, Minn., and her twin brother Frank Smith of Emporia, Kansas, and also two stepsons, Chas. Smith of Channel and Eugene Smith of Acheson, Kansas.

The funeral services were held at the Antioch M. E. church, of which she was a member, having united November 28, 1913, on Wednesday afternoon at one o'clock, with burial beside her husband in the Bristol cemetery.

As to Success.
Griggs—I should say that the keys to success are luck and pluck. Griggs—Yes! Luck in finding some one to pluck.

CONSPIRACY IS CHARGED BY PIPER

Sugar Beet Growers of Racine and Kenosha Believe Companies Combined

SEND WARNING OF TRUST

President Piper Rushes Letter to Various Growers Urging Them to be Careful in Making Contracts

Is there a combination between the sugar beet companies of Wisconsin against the growers in Kenosha and other counties? The executive committee believes that there is, and a second circular has been addressed to the members of the Kenosha and Racine County Beet Growers' Association, under date of February 15, 1913.

It is urged in the letter that the farmers ought to get together and talk over the proposition, but as that is almost impossible the proposition is to discuss the matter on paper.

The committee say that they desire to inform the members of the association and others who grew beets, that they have been in communication with the Pope factory and they state that they will not contract any beets in Wisconsin, only under the same terms as the other two companies.

"Now then," says the committee, "as the Wisconsin companies have come out with the same kind of a contract as the Rock county, it is evident and plain to see that all three companies are combined, and have agreed and connived to ignore the beet growers' association and have accused and threatened us under the Sherman act for organizing to control an out put, but in reality to protect ourselves against their co-operation trust in taking undue advantage of the farmer who is individually helpless and how else can we get protection only through association, which is legitimate."

In the testimony of a great many beet growers from different states, the price received for beets ranges from fifty-five to six dollars and they claim that they cannot grow beets for less to make any money. Figures show the cost of production per acre from forty-three to forty-five dollars per acre with out cost of fertilizing and they yield eleven to thirteen tons per acre. The association also has reports from Washington that beet growers ought to receive eight dollars or better for beets, tariff or no tariff.

Again, the circular says: "Your executive committee has made a careful study and investigated conditions, and as our interests are identically the same we believe you have the utmost confidence in our advice, and as a matter of fact the beet companies are out rioting everything in their power to again entice us into their trap with their promises or threats that they will close their factories or cancel their shipment of seed, which is on the way if the growers do not sign their (they call them contracts) which are dangerous things to sign."

"We have nothing to worry about let the beet companies worry; our farms are worth just as much without the beet factory, but what is the beet factory worth without our farms? Let each one of us make ourselves a committee of one to see and talk it over with our neighbor and there might be some one who does not belong to our association, and has signed to grow beets, or is inclined to do so, make him feel ashamed of himself for being so foolish, for we certainly have the chance right now, if we will only avail ourselves of the opportunity and step right out in the front rank and say we going to protect ourselves and stand for a square deal."

Straight From the Shoulder.
"Well, now really, Miss Jeerwell, I should like to hear what you would consider the ideal man," said Bilddad. "Define him for me, won't you?" "I couldn't," said Miss Jeerwell with a pleasant smile. "The terms are essentially contradictory."

Time.
A man who has time to waste never seems to be happy unless he is wasting other people's time.

FEB. WEATHER

Furnished By J. C. Weather

Feb. 1913—Warmest day 7 below temperature 20.40. R. Snowfall 8 inches.
Feb. 1912—Warmest day 17. Coldest day 24. 3th. Average temperature 1.90 inches.
Feb. 1911—Warmest day 16th. Coldest day 2 below. Average temperature 2.88 inch. 9 inches of snow.
Feb. 1910—Warmest day 15th. Coldest day 10 below. Average temperature 19.65 fall 44 inches inches of snow.
Feb. 1909—Warmest day 18th. Coldest day zero of snow. Average temperature 2.40 fall 1.60 inches. 6 in. snow.
Feb. 1908—Warmest day 12. Coldest day 10 below of snow. Average temperature 23.06. 12.20 inches. 19 inch snow.
Feb. 1907—Warmest day 18. Coldest day 14 below of snow. Average temperature 22.10. 13.30 inches. 1 inch of snow.
Feb. 1906—Warmest day 50th. Coldest day 9 above on the 12th. Average temperature 22.88. 13.30 inches. 3 inch snow.
Feb. 1905—Warmest day 44th. Coldest day 25 below on the 28th. Average temperature 13.64. 13.30 inches. 21 inch snow.
Feb. 1904—Warmest day 44th. Coldest day 14 below on the 1st. Average temperature 12.37. 27. Coldest day 14 below on the 17th. Average temperature 21.11. Rainfall 1 inch. 6 inches snow.
Feb. 1902—Warmest day 48 on the 26. Coldest day 9 below on the 5th. Average temperature 26.85. Total rain fall 1.40 inches.

PIPE ORGAN AND PARSONAGE DEBT FUNDS ARE SOLICITED

I take this opportunity of acquainting the people of Antioch and vicinity that we are now making an appeal to the public to help us pay for our new pipe organ and the old debt on the Methodist parsonage.

We have owned the parsonage about 74 years and there now remains a balance of \$350 debt on this property. We owe nothing on the church and we are now anxious to liquidate this balance and be entirely out of debt. With the help of Mr. Carnegie we also hope to buy a pipe organ for the church and have it installed and dedicated early in the summer. For these two purposes we need approximately \$1075 besides Mr. Carnegie's gift of \$440. Of this amount \$500 has already been subscribed, most of it in subscriptions of \$25 and upwards. We need thereupon about \$575 more and we frankly ask the people of this community to help us. Everybody is benefited by the church, regardless of creed. We all like to keep our church and keep it going, if we will all help as the Lord has prospered us, we shall be able to pay our organ and pay our parsonage debt without difficulty.

Subscriptions thankfully received by the pastor from anybody who would like to help.

Adolph O. Stixrud,
Pastor of the M. E. church.

C. O. D. PLAN TO BE USED BY POSTOFFICE

July 1, the collect on delivery feature will be added to the parcel post service. An order putting this plan into effect was signed by Postmaster General Hitchcock.

Under the regulations a parcel bearing the required amount of stamps may be sent anywhere in the country and the amount due from the purchaser, not to exceed \$100, collected and remitted by the Postoffice Department.

The collection fee will be 10 cents, to be affixed by the sender in parcel post stamps.

Village Primary Election
The Village Primary Election will be held in the Village of Antioch, Lake County, Illinois, on Tuesday, March 11, 1913, in the Village Hall, in the Village of Antioch, Illinois, for the nomination of the following officers, to-wit:

One President,
Three Trustees,
One Treasurer.

The polls of said primary election will be open from six o'clock in the forenoon and continue open until five o'clock in the afternoon.

Dated at the Village of Antioch this 24th day of February, A. D. 1913.
L. M. Hughes,
Village Clerk.

The GLOW of the RUBIES

by FRANCIS PERRY ELLIOTT
ILLUSTRATIONS BY RAY WALTERS

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this coarse monster's touch dwelling the dainty, gossamer garment that had shrouded her sacred what-you-call-

Um—ah, I see! It was, then!—he was nodding with an air of understanding, pausing in the struggle with the refractory cigar. His strained and reddened face shaped sympatheticly. "Just what I thought and told 'em!" he bobbed with satisfaction. "I understand! You ain't got no need to make no explanations to me!" and he lifted his fat hand to restrain them. "Why, my wife's own grandfather had a club foot, and to her last day if she got outer bed on the wrong side, the old lady went a header sure—oh, I know!"

A moment before, I had thought that so far as the mere matter of jolly misery was concerned, I had sounded the what-you-call-'em; but now my dashed brain was reeling before this new horror! To think that she was—but oh, it couldn't be! And yet I recalled ominously that most of the time I had known her, I had only seen her sitting!

"By-y the way, sir!" He closed one eye at me as he carved from the brown beauty a half inch of its waxy bud, using for the maltreatment a perfectly brutal knife. "That was a neat try-on you made to copper the thief yourself—a little irregular, you know," he shook his head at me, "but, as the captain said, we ain't making no point about that with a gent like you—sure not!"—another imperishable line of beauty upon the recipient's stone, and he puffed inhalations of joy. "But I knew you never could get him to the station—I could have told you!"

"Oh!" I remarked, puzzled. By Jove, I had a dashed awful thought for a moment that I must be losing my intelligence! I looked at Jenkins again, but he had not yet come back to the ground. "Oh, I'm on, sir!" Another one of those awful winks as his club scratched his helmet sideways. "You know I saw everything—I was right 'bout the Kahoka, you know!" "Oh, that!" I said, understanding. For I knew then that he was talking about Foxy Grandpa in my rooms. I had almost forgotten the jolly old vagabond, but it occurred to me that perhaps I ought to show some interest as they must have recaptured him along with the pajamas. "I say!" I chirped up, "did you have much trouble about it—getting him again, you know?"

used to these swell con men, but that gun was the limit—pulled out a card case, mind you, and letters, and wanted me to go with him to his club—his club—the big fellow doubled over in a spasm of mirth that all but choked him. "I told him I'd give him the club if he didn't go quietly—for you see I recognized him in a minute; you can't lose them freak kind! Besides, he gave himself away; told me he'd overlook my conduct on this occasion and the other, if I would release him. Well, that was enough! I beckoned Jimmy Dwyer across and we run him down the line to the station. Oh, we got him there, but it wasn't easy—for him! And there he'll stay a while!"

He had to pause and pump air, he was so winded. "But it woulder tickled you," he resumed, using one of the vestas I extended and puffing the cigar until it almost flamed. "If you coulder seen the grand-stand play this guy put up before the sergeant! But the old man just let him blow it all off; just sat there calm behind the desk, chewing away and jabbing a pen through the blotter, while this stiff fumed and spouted—oh, something scandalous—bringing in the names of mighty near all the important people in New York; his friends, he said! Oh, yes, he mentioned you in particular, sir!"—and his face expanded in a relishing grin.

"Dashed impudence!" I murmured feebly. "Oh, yes," carelessly, "but the sarge quieted him—just putty near soothed him to sleep before he got through, you know—it's one of his ways!"—his glance lifted solemnly.

"Fine, you know!" I murmured admiringly. I reflected approvingly upon what a dashed good thing it was to have a man in that position—what- ever it was—who was of such a devilish mild and gentle temperament; the quiet word—the soft answer—the kindly remonstrance—all that sort of thing, you know.

"But, if no offense, there's just one question I'd like to ask you, sir." He swung his club with a smiling, genial air.

"Oh, dash it, no!" I responded absently.

My eye had been suddenly attracted by a feathery gleam of white through the trees. It was slowly moving up the slope to a pavilion overlooking the Tappan Zee.

He drew nearer with a confidential air. "Just a little argument I had



mean! I had a perfectly clear view of her now as she paused on a little point and hung there looking out over the Hudson. In her hand was a full-blown, ripened rose, and her lips were shaping in ravishing little pouts, as musically she blew the petals from her. But go they would not, but hugged back in the arms of the light breeze, circling and fluttering about her glorious sunny head like a swarm of rosy butterflies. It made a pretty picture!

"And what's more, they're just her color, too!" I murmured tenderly, forgetful of everything but her, unmindful that I was not alone. For under my hand I could feel my jolly heart quivering like a champagne cork, freshly unfettered and thrilling eagerly under the impulse of the mad, dancing, joyous spirit within.

"The one lovely woman in all the world!" I breathed aloud, and I felt my eyes grow oddly moist.

And for a minute I went off in a jolly trance.

"Good-by, sir!"

It was O'Keefe's voice—oddly constrained.

"Eh?" I ejaculated, blinking at him as I came back. Then I remembered—but what was it he had been asking? Something—

"Just, good-by!" he repeated with elaborate gentleness. Then, straightening: "No offense, I hope, if we let it go at that—I mean, I guess you won't miss it if we don't shake hands?"

I glanced at the gloves he was drawing on.

"Oh, dash it, no!" I responded absently, and my eyes coasted up the slope again—then dropped back disappointedly, for she had disappeared within the pavilion.

His helmet tossed as he looked back. "I guess we've got our little prejudices," he remarked sententiously. "I know I have! I'm from the south!"

And without another word, Mr. O'Keefe presented his broad back to us, and swinging his stick carelessly, sauntered down the drive.

"What the deuce!" I exclaimed, looking after him. "I say, Jenkins, what did he mean?"

Jenkins' face expressed mild reproach and surprise.

"Can it possibly matter, sir?" he questioned wearily. "Persons of—er—that sort, you know, sir?" "Jove!" I uttered, relieved.

Jenkins coldly elevated brows dismissed the matter from further consideration. He lifted the parcel with a slight gesture of inquiry.

I had already come to a decision about it: I would send it to Billings! Perhaps the retrieving of the pajamas would have a soothing effect upon his poor mind!

I gave Jenkins instructions. "H'm! Of course, manage to speak with him alone," I cautioned, having thought of Judge Billings; "and don't forget the message."

"Certainly, sir," said Jenkins attentively. "I'm just to say: 'Mr. Lightnut's compliments, sir, and he says you'll know what to do with these.'"

I nodded. "Exactly, and I'll wait here—but, oh, hurry, dash it!" And I looked longingly at the pavilion and tried to feel if my part was right.

He did hurry! By Jove, he was back almost immediately and looking a bit rattled.

"Yes, sir!" he coughed as I screwed my glass inquiringly—"I got there just as the judge went into his room across the corridor, and Mr. Billings opened the door the minute I said I was from you. I gave him the package and the message and he took it over in a corner; and then in about a minute I heard him chuck it somewhere and say some long word. He came back to me, looking kinder irritated and with his eyes snapping."

"Oh!" I uttered nervously. "Er, what did he say, Jenkins?"

Jenkins sighed. "Oh, well, sir, nothing as you might say was anything, really; he jerks out kinder crossly: 'Tell Mr. Lightnut, I say one thing at a time, and give him this!'"

On the scrap of paper I clutched out of Jenkins' hand was a crazy scrawl of just a half-dozen words: "I'm a biped, not a contipede!"

I quivered through the dashed thing twice, but could make nothing of it—I even tried it backward!

"Jove!" I muttered perplexedly. "It's rum, Jenkins!"

Jenkins' mouth tightened and relaxed. "H'm, what I thought, sir," he responded soberly. "The demon rum, sir!"

(TO BE CONTINUED.)

Matter of Perseverance. Bishop Burgess of Long Island, speaking of his crusade against Sunday flying, said: "I am against the formation of bad habits, whether they be habits of laziness, or selfishness, or of Sunday flying. Be sure, we are told—be sure your sin will find you out. That is true, but it is also true that, when your sin pays you a second, third and fourth call, it generally finds you in."

\$75,000 Lost by Fire. Montpelier, Ohio, March 3.—The W. C. Heller & Co. plant of this city extensive manufacturers of hardware shelving, was totally destroyed by fire Friday. Estimated loss \$75,000. Origin of fire not known.

Hub Has a Waist Strike. Boston, March 3.—Shirtwaist and dressmaking operatives here struck for an increase in wages and shorter working hours Friday. Union officials say 125 shops are affected, and 9,000 workers are out.

HITS "MONEY TRUST"

PUJO COMMITTEE DEMANDS LAWS TO CURB COMBINE AS PERIL TO NATION.

RAPS J. P. MORGAN & COMPANY

Declares Banking Concern is Dominating Influence of the Financial and Credit World in the U. S.—Body Differs on Finding.

Washington, March 3.—Members of the committee which conducted the money trust investigation presented three divergent reports to the house late on Friday.

The majority report, signed by Chairman Pujo and the six other Democratic members of the committee, found that a money trust exists, according to their understanding of the term.

This report names as "the most active agents in bringing about the concentration of money and credit," J. P. Morgan & Co., First National and National City banks and Kuhn, Loeb & Co. of New York, Lee Higginson and Kidder, Peabody & Co. of Boston.

Two bills accompanied the report, one forbidding the use of the mails to stock exchanges which fail to observe prescribed stringent regulations as to the conduct of their business and the other prescribing rigid rules for the conduct of national banks, their officers and clearing house associations, as to which they belong. This report is substantially in accord with the conclusions presented to the committee by Samuel Untermyer, counsel.

The first minority report, signed by Representatives Hayes of California, Heald of Delaware and Guernsey of Maine, Republicans, set forth that the investigation "has not disclosed the existence of any so-called money trust," but added, "it has, however, disclosed a dangerous concentration of credit in New York city and in some extent in Boston and Chicago."

"While agreeing substantially with the majority," said the report, "on many of the abuses to be corrected in the financial system, the stock exchanges and the clearing house associations, the undersigned have doubts as to the wisdom of some of the remedies proposed by the majority."

This report further set forth the belief that before definitely recommending any remedial legislation testimony should be taken covering more fully the effect of the various changes in the laws that have been suggested.

"It is manifestly impossible," the report concludes, "that any of the proposed legislation can be considered by this congress, and it seems to us wise to leave the matter of recommending complete remedial legislation to those who will be charged with the responsibility of formulating and reporting such legislation to congress."

An individual minority report, filed by Representative McMoran of Michigan, Republican, was a flat, detailed disagreement with the recommendations and findings of the majority.

The majority report, after declaring the existence of a money trust, said that "the increased concentration of control of money and credit had been effected principally as follows:

"1. Through consolidations of competitive or potentially competitive banks and trust companies, which consolidations in turn have recently been brought under sympathetic management."

"2. Through the same powerful interests becoming large stockholders in potentially competitive banks and trust companies. This is the simplest way of acquiring control, but since it requires the largest investment of capital it is the least used, although the recent investments in that direction for that apparent purpose amount to tens of millions of dollars in present market values."

"3. Through the confederation of potentially competitive banks and trust companies by means of the system of interlocking directorates."

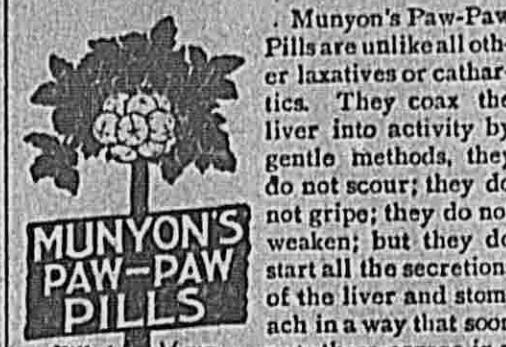
"4. Through the influence which the more powerful banking houses, banks and trust companies have secured in the management of insurance companies, railroads, producing and trading corporations and public utility corporations, by means of stockholdings, voting trusts, fiscal agency contracts or representation upon their boards of directors, or through supplying the money requirements of railway, industrial and public utilities corporations and thereby being able to participate in their financial and business policies."

Asks Policewomen. New York, March 3.—Mrs. William K. Vanderbilt urged that a squad of policewomen be appointed to deal with vice in New York, in a letter sent to the legislative committee for remedial police legislation Friday.

\$75,000 Lost by Fire. Montpelier, Ohio, March 3.—The W. C. Heller & Co. plant of this city extensive manufacturers of hardware shelving, was totally destroyed by fire Friday. Estimated loss \$75,000. Origin of fire not known.

Hub Has a Waist Strike. Boston, March 3.—Shirtwaist and dressmaking operatives here struck for an increase in wages and shorter working hours Friday. Union officials say 125 shops are affected, and 9,000 workers are out.

CONSTIPATION



Munyon's Paw-Paw Pills are unlike all other laxatives or cathartics. They coax the liver into activity by gentle methods, they do not scour, they do not gripe; they do not weaken, but they do start all the secretions of the liver and stomach in a way that soon puts these organs in a healthy condition and corrects constipation. Munyon's Paw-Paw Pills are a tonic to the stomach, liver and nerves. They invigorate instead of weaken; they enrich the blood instead of impoverishing it; they enable the stomach to get all the nourishment from food that is put into it. Price 25 cents. All Druggists.



Stewart's Clipping Machine. This machine clips faster and closer and stays longer than any other. Cuts are all the same and cut from will stand barbed wire, barbed and run in oil. Has six feet of new style flexible shaft and colored steel. Get one from your dealer, every machine guaranteed. CHICAGO FLEXIBLE SHAFT CO. Wells and Ohio Sts. CHICAGO, ILL. Write for free catalog of most modern line of horse clipping and sheep shearing machines.

Get a Canadian Home

In Western Canada's Free Homestead Area. THE PROVINCE OF MANITOBA. 160 ACRES IN WESTERN CANADA FREE. has several New Homestead Districts that afford rare opportunity to secure 160 acres of excellent agricultural land FREE.

For Grain Growing and Cattle Raising

This province has no superior and in profitable agriculture shows an unbroken period of over a quarter of a century. Perfect climate; good markets; railways convenient; soil the very best, and social conditions most desirable. Vacant lands adjacent to Free Homesteads may be purchased and also in the older districts lands can be bought at reasonable prices. For further particulars write to C. J. Brophy, 612 Merchants Bldg., 174 St. George St., M. J. McLean, 176 Jefferson Ave., Detroit. Canadian Government Agents, or address: Immigration, Ottawa, Canada.

The Count at Home.

"Yes," remarked the returned tourist, with a reminiscent smile, "I was continually bumping into old friends and acquaintances while abroad. Went into a fashionable barber shop in the Rue de Saint Gerard, in Paris, and whom do you suppose I met there?"

"Oh, I'm no good at guessing," said his friend. "Who was it?"

"The Count de Pompadour, who cut such a swell at Atlantic City last year."

"Let's see—you and the count didn't mix very well. Did he condescend to speak to you?"

"He certainly did. The moment I entered the tonsorial parlors, he caught my eye and bowed and smiled and said, 'Monsieur is known.'"

"Too Well Known."

"Have you a speaking acquaintance with the woman who lives next door to you?" we asked an east end lady, just to make a little conversation.

"A speaking acquaintance," echoed the lady, opening her eyes wide.

"Why, I know her so well that I don't speak to her at all!"

Important to Mothers

Examine carefully every bottle of CASTORIA, a safe and sure remedy for infants and children, and see that it bears the Signature of *Charles H. Fletcher* In Use For Over 30 Years. Children Cry for Fletcher's Castoria

Daily Thought.

It is indeed a desirable thing to be well descended, but the glory belongs to our ancestors.—Plutarch.

The best of men are sometimes worsted—and that's no yarn.

FILES CURED IN 6 TO 14 DAYS. Your druggist will return money if CASTORIA fails to cure your case of Colic, Wind, Bleeding or Protruding Files in 6 to 14 days. 10c.

Anyway, the wage worker always has a boss to blame it on.

To Women

Do Not Delay

If you are convinced that your sickness is because of some derangement or disease distinctly feminine, you ought at once bring to your aid

Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription

It acts directly on the organs affected and tones the entire system.

Ask Your Druggist

PISO'S REMEDY. Best Cough Syrup. Tastes Good. Use in Time. Sold by Druggists.

FOR COUGHS AND COLDS

CHAPTER XXIV.—(Continued.)

"Why, sir, I don't think you need be worrying but what they're all right," and the big policeman nodded confidently; "in fact there don't seem to be no damage at all." He added meditatively: "Which is some wonder considering how we had to rough-house Foxy Grandpa before we softened him down in his cell the other night." Here his cheeks swelled and he sent a long sheaf of brown liquid at a grasshopper on the freshly whitened door-stones—and got it, too, neatly missing the polished toe of Jenkins' boot. "No, sir!"—emphatically—"I don't think you'll be hearing any hotter from your lady friend when she goes to—eh, what?"—he stared at Jenkins blankly, for Jenkins had coughed—"Oh, excuse me!"—and his big hand lifted apologetically to his mouth, while his eyes rolled upward—"What I just meant was that I know they're all to the good; I went all over 'em!"

"Oh!" I muttered, turning rather faint. I dropped the parcel and Jenkins picked it up. By Jove, for a moment, he came jolly near having to pick me up, too, I was that shocked and prostrated!

"The only thing—the only thing 'tail—' I had to wait through an agonizing moment while his tongue gathered his wad and peremptorily expelled it, this time enlivening the cold, dead monotony of the silver-gray macadam—"was her—I mean, was the pants."

"Abh!" I put my hand to my side and looked at Jenkins appealingly, but he was looking upward, his eyes kind of cast over like a bird's; the lines of his mouth tightened to an arch—and I knew he was suffering too! But we must try to stand it a little longer—just a little!

Through one instant's respite, Mr. O'Keefe's thick tongue was occupied in striving to gluttenize the entire wrapper of a much crushed and awfully yellow cigar. Then he separated a mouthful from the end and proceeded.

"I did notice with the legs, that one of 'em was just a bit longer than the other, and down at the station we was a wondering if—" the brown head of a crackling match drew a long, curving what-you-call-it on the smooth, creamy masonry, and he paused to pump madly, striving to coax a draft of smoke—"we wondered if 'twas intentional." His eyes sought mine inquiringly.

By Jove, I was so frozen with horror, I couldn't even look away; just stood there helpless, you know, and my jolly monocle hanging limp—couldn't have lifted it to have saved my life. Felt my senses just growing numb all the while with the tragedy of the thing, the thought of

and an appropriate gesture—I'm

with the old woman, you know, and what them pajamas. Would you mind telling me—as man to man, y'understand—if they garments is—his voice dropped—"is like her real shape—ligger, I mean—h'm?" And he tapped the parcel lightly with his stick.

Jenkins cleared his throat loudly and shifted the pajamas to his other side. As for myself, I just winced as under the stroke of a what-you-call-it, but one end of my dashed brain was being pulled by the flashing play of the dappling sunlight there upon—

"By Jove, her figure exactly!" I ejaculated, staring.

For it was her—no, dash it, she, I



"I Did Notice With the Legs."

Rheumatism Backache and Z-M-O PILES

We do not ask you to buy—just send your name and address and receive a sample bottle free.

Z-M-O penetrates to bone thru skin and muscles and removes pain 5 minutes after you apply it.

You may not need Z-M-O today, yet tomorrow pay any price to relieve pain.

FREE BOTTLE

If you have Rheumatism, Backache or Piles write M. R. Ziegel & Company, 901 Main Street, Sheboygan, Wisconsin and receive a free bottle of Z-M-O by return mail. At drug stores, 25 cts.

PLAIN WORDS BY VICE-PRESIDENT

Marshall's Inaugural Address to
Members of Senate.

MUST GUARD NATION'S HONOR

New Presiding Officer of Upper House
Says It Should See That Treaty
Obligations Are Observed and
Wrongs Rectified.

Washington, March 4.—Following is the inaugural address delivered by Vice-President Marshall:

Senators: The proprieties of this occasion probably require a few words from one who is grateful to the American people for the honor heretofore done him and this day consummated.

No senator has, I trust, a keener appreciation of the necessities in the way of tact and courtesy now devolving upon me than I myself. I offer no surety as to my discharge of duties other than a personal pledge that I will seek to familiarize myself with them and will endeavor always to exercise that complaisance and forbearance which are essential to him who ably presides over great debates upon great public questions by great men.

Divergent views relative to this body would be less divergent if the American people would come to realize that on all sides of real questions much may truthfully be said. Such an attitude of the public mind would eliminate the view that this body is distinctively deliberative and not thoroughly patriotic.

No Substitute for the Senate.

Charges of bad faith based upon an attitude of mind or upon conduct should never be made until it is clearly established that the resultant action is the outcome of personal interest or improper and dishonorable business or social relations.

Your action has not always met with universal approval, but up to this good hour no workable substitute for the exercise of the functions of this body has been proposed. It is not needful for me here and now to accept a brief in your defense. This body will continue to stand not because of its presiding officer, but because of the patriotism and intelligence of its constituent members and their devotion to our system of government.

Guards the People's Honor.

With neither right nor desire to infringe upon the prerogatives of the president soon to be, I beg the expression of the opinion that what ever diverse views may be held relative to the work of this body all persons are agreed that under the Constitution the senate of the United States is singularly the guardian of the people's honor; that more and more, as righteousness is exalted among this people, the idea is becoming more firmly fixed that it is not vast territory, great wealth nor large learning which mark the real status of America; that America is to be measured by the golden mete wand of honor; and, as the idea in her formation was the inherent right of men to rule themselves, that now she can ill afford to announce this doctrine in her own land and renounce it for an instrument of oppression in other lands.

Unfortunately there is no fixed standard of honor outside the dictionary. The gambler may hold it to consist in paying his gaming debts; the member of the smart set, in divorcing his neighbor's wife before taking her unto himself; the senator, in eliminating personalities.

Must Observe Treaties.

But when we enter the chancelleries of the world and submit to their judgments not only our right to be but our right to be respected, we can hope to be measured in but one way; and we must be able to show that the solemn treaty obligations of this republic will be kept with the same scrupulous honesty, both of spirit and letter, whether made with the humblest people of this continent struggling for self-government or with the mightiest monarch of the old world.

This high sense of honor constitutes the panoply of the American people. Armies and battlefields furnish no substitute for it. These are valuable, but the people never intended that authority should use them as accessories to a burglar's kit.

Duty to Rectify Wrong.

If any one in the name of the American people, either in violation of treaty obligations or the manifest purpose of the Monroe doctrine, has taken aught while this body was deliberating, it is your duty to ascertain all the facts thereto. And if wrong or injustice has been done, even to the humblest republic, let this people be brave enough and sufficiently honest to make reparation. The real greatness of this republic rests upon its unshaken honor, and it is the duty of this body to search down rumors of bad faith and dishonesty and to rectify wrong wherever wrong is discovered.

Here in this most sacred spot where war has been made and peace declared, here in the presence of the distinguished representatives of the governments of the civilized world, here within the hearing of the beauty, culture and ripened statecraft of his own land, may one humble American express the hope before he enters upon a four years' silence that all our diplomacy may spell peace with all peoples, justice for all governments and righteousness the world around.



Straighten That Lame Back

Backache is one of Nature's warnings of kidney weakness. Kidney disease kills thousands every year. Safety is only certain if the early warnings are heeded while help is possible. Doan's Kidney Pills have helped many thousands to get rid of backache, strengthen weak kidneys and regulate bladder and urinary disorders.

Don't neglect a bad back. If your back is lame in the morning, if it hurts to stoop or lift, if the dull aching keeps up all day, making work a burden and rest impossible—suspect the kidneys. If the urine is off color and shows a sediment; if passages are irregular, too frequent, too scanty, or scalding, this is further proof. There may be dizzy spells, headaches, nervousness, dropsy swellings, rheumatic attacks, and a general tired-out, run-down condition.

Use Doan's Kidney Pills, the remedy that is publicly recommended by 100,000 persons in many different lands. Doan's act quickly, contain no harmful nor habit-forming drugs and are wholly harmless, though remarkably effective.

From Serious Dropsy To Perfect Health

George Davis, 524 S. 23rd St., Vincennes, Ind., says: "My back ached day and night. I became nervous and irritable and had such headaches, I thought my head would burst. I could not work without terrible dizzy feelings and was afraid to venture far alone for fear of falling. For days at a time I could not urinate, and finally when the passage did take place, the odor would be stifling. My feet and arms were swollen to twice their natural size. When I touched the swollen area, a dent would remain. I finally began using Doan's Kidney Pills and soon noticed a change for the better. The swelling in my limbs and arms went down, the dizzy spells left, and ere long I was in as good health as ever before in my life."

When your back hurts, when your kidneys trouble you, when you feel tired, worn-out or depressed, don't simply ask for a kidney remedy—ask distinctly for Doan's Kidney Pills, the same that cured Mr. Davis, and make sure the name DOAN'S is on the box.

"When Your Back is Lame—Remember the Name"

DOAN'S KIDNEY PILLS

At all Dealers or by Mail. Price 50 cents. Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, N. Y.

PUTNAM FADELESS DYES

Color more goods brighter and faster colors than any other dye. One 10c package colors all fibers. They dye in cold water better than any other dye. You dye any garment without ripping apart. Write for free booklet—How to Dye, Bleach and Mix Colors. MONROE DRUG COMPANY, Quincy, Ill.



Shipping Fever

Influenza, pink eye, epistaxis, distemper and all nose and throat diseases cured, and all others, no matter how "run-down," kept from having any of these diseases with SPOHN'S LIQUID DISTEMPER CURE. Three to six doses often cure a case. One 50-cent bottle guaranteed to do so. Best thing for brood mares. Acts on the blood. 50c and \$1 a bottle. \$1 and \$1.50 a dozen bottles. Druggists and harness shops. Distributors—ALL WHOLESALE DRUGGISTS.

SPOHN MEDICAL CO., Chemists and Bacteriologists, Goshen, Ind., U.S.A.

Actual spoon regular six inch length.

Rogers Silver Given Away with Galvanic Soap Wrappers

These teaspoons are the kind that you'll be proud to own. They are the genuine 1881 Rogers ware, heavily triple plated silver on a white metal base. The pattern is the famous LaVigne, or Grape, with the beautiful French gray finish. With ordinary wear these spoons will last a lifetime. Start saving your wrappers today, or better still buy a box of Galvanic and you'll have 100 wrappers. Write for a set of spoons.

Here Is the Offer

For each teaspoon desired send us one two-cent stamp and twenty Galvanic Soap wrappers (front panel only) or coupons from Johnson's Washing Powder.

Special Offer for Six Teaspoons Send 100 Galvanic Soap wrappers and 5 two-cent stamps to pay postage; we will send you a set of six Teaspoons ABSOLUTELY FREE.

GALVANIC SOAP IS KNOWN AS "The Famous Easy Washer"

It's a white Soap and the coconut oil in it makes it the easiest lathering soap on the market. Test it out your next wash day and don't forget to save the wrappers. Mail them to the Premium Department of B. J. JOHNSON SOAP COMPANY MILWAUKEE WISCONSIN



Are Stylish Durable and Comfortable

and give fashionable up-to-date figure lines; long, slender, extremely graceful, subdued hips, with rounded bust contour, and provide a smooth foundation for gowns. Every Pair of W. B. Corsets is Guaranteed Not to Rust or Break. W. B. Corsets, Style 31, Medium bust, very long, trim, and back very long. Corset on elastic, embroidered edge. Hose supporters. Sizes 18 to 30, \$1.50. Hook below front clasp. Sizes 18 to 30, \$1.50. W. B. Corsets, Style 44, Medium bust and under, trim, and back very long. Corset on elastic, embroidered edge. Hose supporters. Sizes 18 to 30, \$1.50. Hook below front clasp. Sizes 18 to 30, \$1.50. W. B. Corsets, Style 44, Medium bust and under, trim, and back very long. Corset on elastic, embroidered edge. Hose supporters. Sizes 18 to 30, \$1.50. Hook below front clasp. Sizes 18 to 30, \$1.50. W. B. Corsets, Style 44, Medium bust and under, trim, and back very long. Corset on elastic, embroidered edge. Hose supporters. Sizes 18 to 30, \$1.50. Hook below front clasp. Sizes 18 to 30, \$1.50.

WHY INCUBATOR CHICKS DIE

Write for book saving young chicks. Send us names of 7 friends that use incubators and get book free. Kallal Hamish Co., Blackwell, Okla.

Disagreeable. "He is the most disagreeable man I know!" "Yes, he told me he had to ask you three times for five dollars you had borrowed."

A lie is a lie, no matter whether it is white or black.

Only One "BROMO QUININE" That is TAKATIN. BROMO QUININE. Look for the signature of M. W. THOMAS. Cures a Cold in One Day, Cures Grip in Two Days. 25c.

And some men are too lazy to indulge in guesswork.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup for Children teething, softens the gums, reduces inflammation, allays pain, cures wind colic, 25c a bottle.

Silly people are usually happy, but not all happy people are silly.

TAKE FOLEY KIDNEY PILLS
For Backache, Rheumatism, Kidneys and Bladder
Contains No Habit Forming Drugs.

Your Liver Is Clogged Up

That's Why You're Tired—Out of Sorts—Have No Appetite.

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS will put you right in a few days. They do their duty. Cure Constipation, Biliousness, Indigestion and Sick Headache. SMALL PILL, SMALL DOSE, SMALL PRICE. Genuine must bear Signature.

Prescribed by Wood

USE ABSORBINE, JR. LINIMENT

Swollen, Varicose Veins, Bad Legs, Gout, Wen, Gout and Rheumatic Deposits, Sprains and Bruises respond quickly to the action of ABSORBINE, JR. A safe, healing, soothing, antiseptic liniment that penetrates to the seat of trouble, assisting nature to make permanent recovery. Allays pain and inflammation. Mild and pleasant to use—quickly absorbed into tissues. Successful in other cases, why not in yours? ABSORBINE, JR., \$1.00 and \$2.00 per bottle at drug-gists or delivered. Book 1 G free. W. F. Young, P.D.F., 310 Temple St., Springfield, Mass.

The Man Who Put the FEET in FEET
Look for This Trade-Mark Picture on the Label when buying ALLEN'S FOOT-EASE. The Authentic Powder for Feet. Trade-Mark, Allen's Foot-Ease. Sold every where. 25c. Sample FREE. Address, ALLEN S. OLIMSTED, Le Roy, N. Y.

WRIGHT'S INDIAN VEGETABLE PILLS

WRIGHT'S INDIAN VEGETABLE PILLS
A REAL VEGETABLE PURGATIVE
COMPOUNDED FROM FORMULA OF THE LATE DR. W. W. WRIGHT

REGULATE STIMULATE PURIFY THE BOWELS THE LIVER THE BLOOD AT ALL DRUGGISTS

FREE TO WOMEN—PIDO'S TABLETS are recommended as the best local remedy for women's ailments. Easy to use, prompt to relieve. Two weeks' treatment, and an article "Causes of Diseases in Women" mailed from THE PIDO COMPANY, BOX 5, WARREN, PA.

W. N. U., CHICAGO, NO. 10-1913.

YOU TAKE NO RISK
Wells Medicine Co., Inc., Lafayette, Ind.

SHE WASN'T SKEPTICAL



"Mebby youse wouldn't believe it, ma'am, but I come uv purty good stock."

"Oh! I don't doubt it. Anyone can see that it has never been watered."

ECZEMA IN RED BLOTCHES

205 Kanter Ave., Detroit, Mich.—"Some time last summer I was taken with eczema. It began in my hair first with red blotches, then scaly, spreading to my face. The blotches were red on my face, dry and scaly, not large; on my scalp they were larger, some scabby. They came on my hands. The inside of my hands were all little lumps as though full of shot, about one-sixteenth of an inch under the skin. Then they went to the outside and between and all over my fingers. It also began on the bottoms of my feet and the calves of my legs, and itch, oh, my! I never had anything like it and hope I never will again. The itching was terrible. My hands got so I could scarcely work."

"I tried different eczema ointments but without results. I also took medicine for it but it did no good. I saw the advertisement for a sample of Cuticura Ointment and Soap and sent for one. They did me so much good I bought some more, using them as per directions, and in about three weeks I was well again. Cuticura Soap and Ointment entirely cured me." (Signed) Benj. Passage, Apr. 8, 1912. Cuticura Soap and Ointment sold throughout the world. Sample of each free, with 32-p. Skin Book. Address post-card "Cuticura, Dept. L, Boston." Adv.

No Place to Indulge in Small Talk.

The small son of a devout Kansas City father was visiting his grandparents. The sun had just come out after a long rainy season and the head of the family, in saying grace at the breakfast table, gave thanks for the bright morning and the beautiful sunshine.

"Why, grandpa!" interrupted the youngster, accustomed to a stereotyped form of worship and shocked at what he considered his grandfather's irreverence. "You must pray—don't talk to God about the weather."

Record Breaker.

"I hope you like your work, my lad," said a benignant elderly person to an errand boy as they walked to cross a street. "Men who take pride in their work are the men who succeed."

"Oh, I'm a record-breaker, the manager says."

"That's the way for a boy to talk. Tell me how you do better than other boys."

"I take longer to carry a message than any of them."

Onto It.

Blobbs—Skinnum is trying to promote a new mining company. Did you fall for it?

Slobbs—No; I tumbled.

Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Pellets regulate and invigorate stomach, liver and bowels. Sugar-coated, tiny granules, easy to take as candy. Adv.

It's the easiest thing in the world to instruct another how to do things.

DISTEMPER
Graft's Distemper Remedy
Wells Medicine Co., Inc., Lafayette, Ind.

LOCAL ITEMS

Local Announcement and the
Elgin Butter Market.

ELGIN ILL., March. 8-The committee declared butter at 35c.

Additional locals will be found on page 1

Ray Lugar is quite sick with pneumonia.

B. H. Overton was a Chicago passenger Tuesday.

Miss Myrtle Held and sister of Chicago spent the week end here.

Bert Moore of Chicago spent Sunday with his aunt Miss Libbie Moore.

Mrs. John Morley and Mrs. Claud Brogan were Chicago passengers Monday.

M. and Mrs. B. H. Overton began housekeeping in their new home the first of this week.

Mrs. Stoehr returned to her home at Lyons, Wis., having spent last week at the home of W. E. Volkman.

Mrs. Adeline Clark returned home Saturday after spending several weeks with relatives at Pleasant Prairie.

For Sale or Rent—A farm of 141½ acres, four miles from Lake Villa, Edwin Wilton, Antioch. Box 263. adv

America's greatest church entertainment will be presented by Dr. and Mrs. Sylvester A. Pierce, Magician, Cartoonist, Ventriloquist, 100 magic tricks, illusions and cartoons. Two hours of clean, wholesome fun. Universally endorsed by prominent church and lodge workers, enjoyed annually by thousands of people. Positively the greatest children's entertainment in the world for children under 11 years of age. Magic tricks with live fish, animals and birds. Everything connected with this entertainment is new, original and high class. At the M. E. church, Friday evening, March 14, at 8:00 p. m. Usual admission fee of 50c cut to 25c so everybody can come. Get your tickets early. Children under 10 years of age 15 cents.

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children.

The Kind You Have Always Bought

Bears the Signature of *Wm. D. Galt*

Wm. Brogan was a Waukegan visitor Monday.

Notice—Tax book closes March 15. W. T. Taylor, collector. adv

Miss Carrie Cropley spent over Sunday at her home here.

Mr. and Mrs. Frank Espey were Chicago passengers Saturday.

Born to Dr. and Mrs. Reading on Monday, March 3, a daughter.

Mr. and Mrs. Frank Gray are this week moving into the Westlake house on Park Ave.

Charles Sibley and Fred Hawkins were transacting business in Waukegan Monday.

Mr. and Mrs. L. H. Felter left Tuesday for a few days visit with relatives at Preston, Iowa.

Nels Spanggard and family have moved into the house recently vacated by Wilbur Hunter and family.

Notice—I have taken the agency for the Burlington laundry and anyone wanting work done may leave same at my shop. H. A. Radtka. adv

For Sale Cheap—A practically new, white porcelain sink in good condition, 16x28 inside measurement. For further information call at this office. adv

The new stairway leading to the floor above was placed in Hillebrand's store last Saturday and the improvements on the second floor are rapidly being installed.

Man past 30 with horse and buggy to sell Stock Condition Powder in Lake County. Salary \$70 per month. Address 9 Industrial building, Indianapolis, Indiana.

For Sale—Three colts, one bay Gelding, four years old, weight 1300; one brown mare, 2 years old, weight 1050; one black mare, one year old. E. T. Shephardson, Lake Villa. adv-2w

Having sold my meat business I have decided to take up the sale of Rambler Motor cars with Sibley & Hawkins, my territory being the southwest part of the county. A 1918 Rambler demonstrator will be on exhibition and all inquiries promptly answered by Rolla A. Shultis, Antioch, Ill. Phone 343. adv

Supervisor Simons is in attendance at the March meeting of the Board of Supervisors at the County Seat this week.

Found—March 1st, on Victoria street 1 pair mens acetates and 1 masquerade suit. Looser can have same by paying for this ad and calling at the City Shoe Store. adv

I will close out the entire line of shelf hardware, tinware, graniteware and paints at cost. If you want real bargains call and look over the stock. I wish also to inform the public that coal will be sold for cash, or 30 days' time. Frank J. Hunt. adv

I wish to announce to the ladies of Antioch and vicinity that I now have on hand a full line of new spring millinery, all the smart new models of the present season included. Miss Mabel Ferris of Edis Keefs has charge of the trimming. If you wish a chic new hat for Easter, give me a call. Opening day March 15. Miss Addie Schaffer. 2w-adv

Notice

Those children who are now or will be six years old before the close of the school term, and who intend starting to school this spring will please come Monday, March 17.

Minnie Lux, teacher.

Announcement

The undersigned, being located on Johnson street in Antioch, wishes to announce, that I am now ready to do any and all kinds of teaming at reasonable prices and solicits your patronage. Wm. Belter. adv

To Whom it May Concern.

Having sold out our business we desire to close up our books and to all those knowing themselves indebted to us we would request them to call and settle, otherwise their accounts will be placed in the hands of an attorney for collection.

We wish to thank all our customers for their liberal patronage, and recommend our successor as one worthy of their support and confidence. Bills can be paid to Frank J. Hunt. Respectfully yours, Tiffany & Felter.

Specimen Ballot

Antioch Village Primary Election to be held in the Village Hall, on
Tuesday, March 11, 1913.

P. M. Hughes

Village Clerk.

PEOPLES' PRIMARY BALLOT

For President

☐ _____

For Trustees—Full Term
(Vote for Three)

☐ _____

☐ _____

☐ _____

For Treasurer

☐ _____

Sale Started Feb. 24th. SALE ENDS MARCH 8th., 10 p. m.

Only a few days left on the piano sale at the Van Patten Building by the Fulton Music Co., of Waukegan. This sample line of pianos must all be sold for advertising purposes before **MARCH 8th., 10 P. M.**

Free Music Lessons

WE WILL GIVE 20 MUSIC LESSONS FREE WITH YOUR PIANO AT OUR STORE IF YOU DECIDE BEFORE MARCH 8th., AT 10 P. M.

Act Quick! Save \$50 to \$150 on a

Beautiful piano, A Double Guarantee, every piano Brand New and Strictly High Grade, Rich mellow tones, Best actions, Latest case designs. If you Must have one just like your neighbor purchased during this sale we will order one direct from the factory for you, though we have some of our very finest left. Investigate and convince yourself. Make up your mind now the piano you have been going to buy for the home you will have today. You may have terms to suit. We are putting in a first class music store and shall stay right with you but no intelligent person would think we could sell strictly High Grade pianos at the price we advertise very long

We must spend **SOME** money
in advertising

These sample pianos to be sold during the two weeks at these prices will do our advertising. **We Are Here to Stay** and after **Saturday, March 8, at 10 p. m.,** we shall continue to sell pianos, graphophones, violins, banjos, mandoline, guitars, latest music, everything to be found in a first class music store at prices that are Right and quality that is Best. Double guarantee goes with everything.

Fulton Music Co.

Van Patten Building
Antioch, Illinois

Prof. Fulton, a teacher of music for 20 years, you will agree, is more capable in selecting the right kind of musical instruments than the average dealer that claims his goods are better, cheaper, etc, because he was told so by the salesman at the factory. A word to the wise is sufficient.

Fulton Music Co.

Van Patten Building
Antioch, Illinois

TIOCH NEWS

A. B. JOHNSON, Publisher

CH ILLINOIS

CABINET IS NAMED

PRESIDENT'S OFFICIAL FAMILY
ANNOUNCED BY SECRETARY
JOSEPH P. TUMULTY.

RYAN HEADS ENTIRE LIST

Franklin K. Lane of California is
Slated for Secretary of the Interior—This Latter Is Change
From Previous Slates.

WASH. March 5.—The cabinet

was announced at the Shoreham hotel, at New York, by Joseph P. Tumulty, who Tuesday became secretary to the president.

As given out by Mr. Tumulty it is as follows:

Secretary of State—WILLIAM J. BRYAN of Nebraska.

Secretary of War—LINDLEY GARRISON of New Jersey.

Secretary of the Navy—JOSEPHUS DANIELS of North Carolina.

Secretary of the Treasury—WILLIAM M. M'ADOO of New York.

Attorney General—J. C. M'KEY of New York.

Secretary of the Interior—FRANKLIN K. LANE of California.

Postmaster General—ALBERT S. BURLESON of Texas.

Secretary of Commerce—WILLIAM C. REDFIELD of New York.

Secretary of Agriculture—DAVID F. HOUSTON of Missouri.

Secretary of Labor—WILLIAM B. WILSON of Pennsylvania.

The announcement ended the agonies of the Washington branch of the cabinet makers' union, which has been trying to find an official family for the president-elect and suitable to themselves.

The names of three of the men in the list given out by Tumulty had not heretofore been heard of in connection with cabinet places. These were those of Franklin K. Lane, a present commissioner of Interstate commerce; David F. Houston, an agriculture president of Missouri; and Lindley Garrison, vice-chancellor of the New Jersey judiciary.

U. S. ATTACK THREAT TRUST

Shows British Interests Extort Profit
on All Spoils Used by American
Seamstresses.

Trenton, N. J., March 5.—The so-called thread trust was attacked by the federal government in a civil anti-trust suit filed here Monday seeking the dissolution of the alleged attempted monopoly by the "Coates interests" of Great Britain of the thread trade of the United States, including that of the American Thread company, itself a consolidation of 14 American companies.

Evidence will be introduced showing that these British interests make an excessive profit on every spool of thread used by American housewives, seamstresses and "sweatshop" garment workers.

Under the domination of J. & P. Coates (Ltd.) of Great Britain, it is alleged the interstate and foreign thread trade in this country has been restrained by combinations and unfair competitive methods.

The petition, signed by Attorney General Wickersham and James A. Fowler, assistant to the attorney general, was filed by United States Attorney Vreeland.

New York, March 5.—Dissolution of the so-called "coal-trust" is asked by the government, in a civil suit filed in the United States district court here under the Sherman anti-trust law Monday.

FALLS 17 STORIES; LIVES

Marble Worker, Plunges Down New
York Elevator to Shaft With-
out Serious Hurt.

New York, March 5.—John Brunnen, a marble worker, twenty-six years old, fell from the seventeenth floor to the bottom of an elevator shaft in the new Municipal building in Park row here Monday. When an ambulance arrived from the Hudson Street hospital Brunnen was sitting upright on a bag of empty cement sacks calmly rolling a cigarette. At the hospital it was found he had suffered fractures of the leg bones and a slight scalp wound.

Mexicans Fire Across Border.
El Paso, Tex., March 5.—Mexican soldiers on patrol duty on the Mexican side, fired a few shots over the international line Monday. The bullets fell at El Paso. No one was injured. Col. John N. Vasquez, commander of the Juarez garrison, declares that none of his troops were in the neighborhood.

Confederate Flag Designer Dead.
Raleigh, N. C., March 5.—Capt. Randolph Smith, the designer of the Confederate flag, died suddenly at his home here Monday night. Captain Smith was in his eightieth year and had not been previously ill.

Jamaica's Governor Divorced.
London, March 5.—The Globe says Sir William Manning, governor of the Colony of Jamaica, was granted a decree of divorce from his wife Monday. His main charge against Mrs. Manning was misconduct.

JUST BEFORE MEXICAN REVOLUTION BROKE OUT



This photograph, the first to be received from Mexico since the revolution, shows a remarkable scene in front of the palace in Mexico City, at four o'clock on Sunday, February 9. Under the canopy in the center is President Madero making a desperate effort to talk to the people, who are not paying much attention to him. Mounted police can be seen pleading with the crowd to disperse, as word had just been received that Generals Reyes and Diaz were about to commence the mutiny. Shortly after this picture was taken the battle commenced and hundreds were shot down and a frightful stampede followed.

U. S. TROOPS IN BATTLE

CLASH WITH MEXICANS ON BORDER
NEAR DOUGLAS, ARIZ.

Americans Kill Four of Enemy With-
out Any Loss to Themselves—
Excitement Intense.

Douglas, Ariz., March 4.—The first fighting between American troops and Mexicans during the present trouble in Mexico occurred three miles from this city on Sunday. In a hot skirmish between regular Mexican soldiers and troops of the Ninth United States cavalry four Mexicans were killed and several wounded. There were no casualties on the American side. Intense excitement prevails all along the border as a result of the fight. Believing the Mexicans have begun an organized movement to terrorize the border, armed Americans are camping on the boundary line, while hundreds of others are armed and ready to take the field.

Four American army officers walking on the American line three miles from Douglas, are reported to have been fired on by forty regular Mexican soldiers, patrolling the border out of Agua Prieta, opposite Douglas. Sixteen of the negro troops of the Ninth rushed to the place of the firing and a spirited skirmish ensued.

The American soldiers were holding their position at the international line when reinforced by two troops of the Ninth. The Mexicans were routed, leaving four killed on the field, and others struggling through the brush, nursing their wounds. It is said that the American troops became so excited that they overstepped the boundary and pursued the Mexicans for some distance.

Mexico City, March 4.—In a fight in the suburbs of Santa Julia between Madero rurales and government troops, 100 rurales were killed.

REPORT ON HARVESTER MADE

Commissioner Conant Says Company
Has Monopolistic and Unfair
Competitive Methods.

Washington, March 4.—Luther Conant, Jr., commissioner of corporations, Monday submitted to the president his report on the International Harvester company, a long and exhaustive document which concludes with the statement that the company's position in the industry is chiefly due to a monopolistic combination in the harvester machine business, certain unfair competitive methods and superior command of capital.

The report shows that the five concerns that consolidated in 1902 had been in keen competition, but that this competition had not been destructive as at least four of them have been making good profits. The new company, says Mr. Conant, was able to maintain its monopolistic position and extend on a large scale into new lines of the farm machinery industry, in part by the acquisition of some of its chief rivals in the harvesting machine business; in part by using its monopolistic advantage in these lines to force the sale of its new lines; in part by certain objectionable competitive methods, and especially through its exceptional command of capital, itself the result of combination. The commissioner found that the value of the physical properties that were involved in the consolidation plus the working capital covered substantially 90 per cent. of the capital stock issued.

Prefers Prison to His Wife.
Des Moines, Ia., March 4.—John Davis was sentenced to a year in the penitentiary for wife desertion Saturday. He had told Judge McHenry he preferred "hard labor in prison" to returning to Mrs. Davis.

Battleship Oregon in Dry Dock.
Seattle, March 4.—The battleship Oregon was admitted to the new dry dock at the Puget Sound navy yard Sunday, the first to use the dock, which is the largest on the Pacific coast and cost \$2,300,000.

\$43,500 IS STOLEN

WOMAN BEATEN AND ROBBED OF
BIG SUM IN EVANSTON,
ILLINOIS.

VICTIM DOES NOT EXPLAIN

Mrs. Mabel Mills From San Antonio, Tex., Attacked and Left Unconscious—Handbag From Which Money Was Taken Found.

Chicago, March 4.—Beaten into unconsciousness and robbed of \$43,500 was the fate of Mrs. Mabel Mills, wife of a wealthy land owner of San Antonio, Tex., guest in the Congress hotel, on one of the principal streets of Evanston at ten o'clock Saturday night. The assailant escaped and the police have no clue as to his identity.

Mrs. Mills is lying in a serious condition in the Evanston hospital with a fractured skull. Physicians said that she cannot live.

The affair presents the Evanston and Chicago police with one of the most baffling mysteries in the history of the two departments.

Mrs. Mills, who is well known in Evanston society and to the management of the Congress hotel, had been in Chicago for about a week, presumably on a pleasure trip. On Saturday morning she cashed a personal check for \$45,000 at the Union Trust and Savings bank. This is verified by Frederick H. Rawson, president of the trust company.

Saturday evening she took supper at the home of Mrs. H. L. Stevens, 819 Lincoln street, Evanston. She had the money when she left the Stevens' home in a cab. This is verified by one of the women guests.

Later Mrs. Mills boarded an elevated train and got off in Edgewater, when she discovered that she had left her smaller purse, containing \$1,950, behind. She returned to Evanston.

At about 10:30 she was found in a dazed condition on the front porch of the home of Mrs. A. J. Cooper, 806 Milburn avenue. Her handbag was found on Central street between Ridge and Sherman avenues. It was open, and a short distance away from it lay the envelope in which Mrs. Mills had placed the bulk of her money.

On account of the woman's condition she was unable to account clearly for her movements.

PARIS AUTO BANDITS TO DIE

French Jurors Find Eighteen Outlaws
Guilty of 22 Murders—Carouy
Takes His Own Life.

Paris, March 1.—Death on the guillotine was the sentence pronounced Thursday on four of the automobile bandits who for months terrorized Paris and its suburbs. Condemnation to long terms of imprisonment is the fate of thirteen others. One committed suicide in his cell after he had been sentenced to life imprisonment, taking poison which is supposed to have been passed to him as he was leaving the courtroom.

This clean-up of desperadoes after a trial lasting 21 days causes Paris to breathe easier. Twenty-two murders were charged against the gang and the total number of the defendants was 22.

Those sentenced to death are Dieub, Dieudonne, Callemine, Soudy and Molner. The suicide was Carouy, the "anarchist bandit."

Senator Warren Seeks Pension.
Washington, March 4.—Senator Francis E. Warren of Wyoming, one of the richest members of the upper house of congress, formally applied for a Civil war veteran's pension of \$15 a month Saturday.

German Dreadnought Launched.
Wilhelmshafen, Germany, March 4.—A new dreadnought for the German navy was launched here Sunday in the presence of Emperor William. It will be the first warship to carry a battery of 14-inch guns.

SULZER IS ANGERED

ASKS THAT CRIMINAL ACTION BE
STARTED IN THAW SCANDAL.

Dr. Russell, Head of Matteawan Hospital, Resigns in Face of Suspension Order by Governor.

Albany, N. Y., Feb. 28.—Criminal proceedings against the principals involved in the Thaw liberation scandal are about to begin.

Governor Sulzer instructed District Attorney Whitman of New York to bring action against Dr. John W. Russell, superintendent of Matteawan, and John Nicholson Anhalt, the attorney, who have charged each other with bribery in connection with the \$25,000 fund for the release of Harry K. Thaw.

This action followed the resignation earlier in the day of Dr. Russell, which State Superintendent of Prisons Scott secured over the telephone, anticipating by three hours an order from the governor for Dr. Russell's suspension in connection with these same charges.

The governor's anger has reached a white-hot pitch. "While I am governor," he cried, "pounding his fist on the arm of his chair, "I am going to run down every graffer in the state service, no matter where he comes from or who is behind him. And there are a lot of them."

FLASHES OFF THE WIRE

Palm Beach, Fla., Feb. 28.—James A. Moffett, president of the Standard Oil company of New Jersey, died Wednesday after a brief illness. He was born in Parkersburg, and rose to the vice-presidency of the corporation.

Guayaquil, Ecuador, March 1.—Violent earthquake shocks occurred at Cuenca, Ambato and Rio Bamba, Thursday. No serious damage was done, but the panic-stricken inhabitants passed the night in the street.

Washington, March 1.—Reputed by the National Woman's organization, General Rosalie Jones led her army into Washington Thursday as an independent organization.

The actual pilgrims who have made the entire trip from New York afoot, and who marched with Rosalie Jones into Washington, are Rosalie Jones, Ida Croft, Martha Klatschen, Mrs. John Boldt, Mrs. Alexander Baird, Mrs. George H. Wend, Minerva Crowell, Phoebe Hawn and Elizabeth Aldrich.

Constantinople, March 1.—A foraging party of 100 Turks was caught in a blizzard Tuesday several miles northwest of Chatalja, and all perished in the cold.

MANY DIE IN HOTEL FIRE

More Than Score Lose Lives When
Dewey Hotel Is Destroyed by
Flames at Omaha.

Omaha, Neb., March 1.—At least twenty-four persons were killed and \$250,000 damage was done in a fire that destroyed the Dewey hotel, a three-story structure at Thirteenth and Farnum streets. Among the dead were several women guests. Only four bodies have been recovered. It is believed twenty or more remain in the ruins.

Taft Commutes Helke's Sentence.
Washington, March 4.—The president on Sunday commuted to fine and costs the sentence of Charles R. Helke, former secretary and treasurer of the American Sugar Refining company.

Former Prosecutor Found Dead.
Milwaukee, March 4.—The body of Ernest A. Kehr, former assistant district attorney of Milwaukee county, was found on the Northwestern railway, near Carrollville, Sunday afternoon.

Spring Clipping of Horses.

The modern practice among the best posted and most progressive horse owners and farmers is to clip all horses in the spring. It is done on the theory that in their natural state horses were not obliged to work, so could shed the winter coat in comfort over a period of several weeks. Since we oblige them to do hard work on warm spring days, the winter coat should be removed for the same reason that we lay off our heavy winter garments. Clipped horses dry off rapidly, hence they do not take cold as easily nor are they as prone to be affected with other ailments as unclipped animals whose longer hair holds the perspiration for hours. Because clipped horses dry off rapidly they rest better, get more good from their food and come out in the morning refreshed and fit for work.

Since the advent of the ball bearing enclosed gear clipping machine, the work of taking off the winter coat is easy. With the machine a horse can be clipped all over in half an hour, whereas with the old two-hand clipper it required several hours to do it.

Dairymen also now clip the cows all over two or three times a year. The flanks and udders are clipped every three or four weeks, so it is easy to clean the parts before milking. This means less opportunity for dirt and other impurities to get into the milk.

Tit for Tat.
Mr. Bacon—Do you think the education of animals is accomplished by the gift of imitation or the force of instinct, dear?

Mrs. Bacon—Oh, by the gift of imitation, of course. Haven't you noticed how the dog growls when you are around?

"Perhaps you are right, dear; for I have also noticed that the hens cackle more when you're about."

LEWIS' Single Binder 5c cigar; so rich in quality that most smokers prefer them to 10c cigars. Adv.

HIS IDEA.



Customer—What can I do for fleas on a dog?

Druggist (absently)—Dog fleas get along all right without any assistance from anyone.

She Married Him.

In a well-known colored school in the south the lesson in general history one day was on the life of Queen Elizabeth.

"Thomas, did Queen Elizabeth ever marry?" asked the teacher.

"Yes, ma'am, I think she did," replied Thomas.

"Are you quite sure?"

"Yes, ma'am, the book says she did."

"It does? Will you please find it?"

Whereupon Thomas opened to the lesson and to the great amusement of the teacher read the statement that "Queen Elizabeth was married to her realm."

"There," said he, triumphantly, "doesn't it say she was married?"

don't exactly know who the gentleman was, but it certainly says she married him."

CLEAR HEADED

Head Bookkeeper Must Be Reliable.

The chief bookkeeper in a large business house in one of our great Western cities speaks of the harm coffee did for him. (Tea is just as injurious because it contains caffeine, the same drug found in coffee.)

"My wife and I drank our first cup of Postum a little over two years ago and we have used it ever since, to the entire exclusion of tea and coffee. It happened in this way:

"About three and a half years ago I had an attack of pneumonia, which left a memento in the shape of dyspepsia, or rather, to speak more correctly, neuralgia of the stomach. My 'cup of cheer' had always been coffee or tea, but I became convinced, after a time, that they aggravated my stomach trouble. I happened to mention the matter to my grocer one day and he suggested that I give Postum a trial.

"Next day it came, but the cook made the mistake of not boiling it sufficiently, and we did not like it much. This was, however, soon remedied, and now we like it so much that we will never change back. Postum, being a food beverage instead of a drug, has been the means of banishing my stomach trouble. I verily believe, for I am a well man today and have used no medicine.

"My work as chief bookkeeper in my Co.'s branch house here is of a very confining nature. During my coffee-drinking days I was subject to nervousness and 'the blues'. These have left me since I began using Postum, and I can conscientiously recommend it to those whose work confines them to long hours of severe mental exertion." Name given by Postum Co., Battle Creek, Mich.

"There's a reason," and it is explained in the little book, "The Road to Wellville," in pkgs.

Ever read the above letter? A new one appears from time to time. They are genuine, true, and full of human interest. Adv.

WESTERN CANADA'S PHENOMENAL DEVELOPMENT

ITS PERMANENCY VERY LITTLE QUESTIONED.

There have been booms in almost every civilized country and they were looked upon as such, and in the course of time the bubble was pricked and they burst. But in no country has the development been as great nor as rapid, whether in city or in country, as in Western Canada. There may sometimes be found one who will say "Can it last?" Winnipeg, today, stands where Chicago stands as far as being the base of the great commercial and agricultural country lying a thousand miles back of it. It has an advantage that Chicago did not have, for no country in the world's history has attracted to its borders a larger number of settlers in so short a time, or has attracted so much wealth in a period of equal length, as have the Canadian prairies. Never before has pioneering been accomplished under conditions so favorable as those that exist in Western Canada today.

The provinces of Manitoba, Saskatchewan, and Alberta have the largest area of desirable lands on the North American Continent, and their cultivation has just begun.

Even with a two hundred million bushel wheat crop less than eight per cent. of the land is under the plough, four per cent. being in wheat. Less than five years ago the wheat crop was only seventy-one million bushels. It is a simple calculation to estimate that if four per cent. of the available cultivable area produces something over two hundred million bushels, what will forty-four per cent. produce? And then look at the immigration that is coming into the country. In 1901 it was 49,149; 17,000 being from the United States. In 1906 it was 189,064, of which 57,000 were Americans, and in 1912 it was about 400,000, of which about 200,000 are Americans. In the three years prior to 1912, there were 358,859 persons who declared themselves for Canada, who brought into Canada in cash, bank drafts, stock, implements and effects over \$350,000,000. Why have they gone to Canada? The American farmer is a man of shrewd business instincts, and when he finds that he can sell his own farm at from \$100 to \$200 per acre and move into Canada and homestead 160 acres for himself, and similarly for all his sons who are adult and of age, upon lands as rich and fertile as those he had left, and producing, indeed, several bushels to the acre in excess of anything he has ever known, it will take more than an ordinary effort to prevent him from making the change. He can also purchase good lands at from \$12 to \$25 per acre.

And, then, too, there is the American capital following the capital of brain, muscle and sinew, following it so as to keep in touch with the industrious farmer with which he has had dealings for years back. This capital and the capital of farming experience is no small matter in the building up of a country.

Will Western Canada's development continue? Why not? The total area of land reported as available for cultivation is estimated as 218,000,000 acres; only fifteen per cent. of this is under cultivation. Nothing is said of the great mineral and forest wealth, of which but little has yet been touched.—Advertisement.

Politeness Ignored.
A Virginia farmer was driving a refractory cow down the road one morning. The cow and the driver came to a crossroad. The man wanted the cow to go straight ahead, but the cow picked out the crossroad.

A negro was coming along the crossroad.

"Halt her off! Halt her off!" yelled the driver.

The negro jumped about the road and waved his arms. The cow proceeded calmly on her way.

"Halt her off! Halt her off, nig-ger!" yelled the driver.

"Use a-tryin', ter!" replied the negro.

"Speak to her! Speak to her and she'll stop!"

"Good mawnin', cow—good mawnin'!" said the negro politely.

SUFFERED FOR 25 YEARS.

Mr. R. M. Fleenor, R. F. D. 39, Otterbein, Ind., writes: "I had been suffering from Kidney Trouble for about 25 years. I finally got so bad that I had to quit work, and doctors failed to do me any good. I kept getting worse all the time, and at last turned to inflammation of the bladder, and I had given up all hope, when one day I received your little booklet advertising your pills, and resolved to try them. I did, and took only two boxes, and I am now sound and well. I regard my cure as remarkable. I can recommend Dodd's Kidney Pills to any one who is suffering from Kidney Trouble as I was." Write to Mr. Fleenor about this wonderful remedy.

Dodd's Kidney Pills, 50c. per box at your dealer or Dodd's Medicine Co., Buffalo, N. Y. Write for Household Hints, also music of National Anthem (English and German words) and recipe for dainty dishes. All 3 sent free. Adv.

Menu Revision.
"How is it there's roast hare on the menu again today?"
Waitress—Well, it ate the canary yesterday.

SON
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bor to witness the oath-taking of the vice-president was by ticket, and it is needless to say every seat was occupied. On the floor of the chamber were many former members of the senate who, because of the fact that they once held membership in that body, were given the privileges of the floor. After the hall was filled and all the minor officials of government and those privileged to witness the ceremonies were seated, William H. Taft and Woodrow Wilson, preceded by the sergeant-at-arms and the committee of arrangements, entered the senate chamber. They were followed immediately by Vice-President-elect Thomas R. Marshall, leaning upon the arm of the president pro tempore of the senate.

The president and the president-elect sat in the first row of seats directly in front and almost under the desk of the presiding officer. In the same row, but to their left, were the vice-president-elect and two former vice-presidents of the United States, Levi P. Morton of New York and Adlai A. Stevenson of Illinois.

When the distinguished company entered the chamber the senate was still under its old organization. The oath of office was immediately administered to Vice-President-elect Marshall, who thereupon became Vice-President Marshall. The prayer of the day was given by the chaplain of the senate, Rev. Ulysses G. B. Pierce, pastor of All Souls' Unitarian church, of which President Taft has been a member. After the prayer the vice-president administered the oath of office to all the newly chosen senators, and therewith the senate of the United States passed for the first time in years into the control of the Democratic party.

Procession to East Portico.
Immediately after the senate ceremonies a procession was formed to march to the platform of the east portico of the capitol, where Woodrow Wilson was to take the oath. The procession included the president and the president-elect, members of the Supreme court, both houses of congress, all of the foreign ambassadors, all of the heads of the executive departments, many governors of states and territories, Admiral Dewey of the navy and several high officers of the sea service, the chief of staff of the army and many distinguished persons from civil life. They were followed by the members of the press and by those persons who had succeeded in securing seats in the senate galleries to witness the day's proceedings.

When President Taft and the president-elect emerged from the capitol on to the portico they saw in front of them, reaching far back into the park to the east, an immense concourse of citizens. In the narrow ill-between the onlookers and the platform on which Mr. Wilson was to take the oath, were drawn up the cadets of the two greatest government schools, West Point and Annapolis, and flanking them were bodies of regulars and of national guardsmen. The whole scene was charged with color and with life.

On reaching the platform the president and president-elect took the seats reserved for them, seats which were flanked by many rows of benches rising tier on tier for the accommodation of the friends and families of the officers of the government and of the press.

Mr. Wilson Takes the Oath.
The instant that Mr. Taft and Mr. Wilson came within sight of the crowd there was a great outburst of applause, and the military bands struck quickly into "The Star Spangled Banner." Only a few bars of the music were played and then soldiers and civilians became silent to witness respectfully the oath taking and to listen to the address which followed.

The chief justice of the Supreme court delivered the oath to the president-elect, who, uttering the words,



Chief Justice White.

"I will," became president of the United States. As soon as this ceremony was completed Woodrow Wilson delivered his inaugural address, his first speech to his fellow countrymen in the capacity of their chief executive.

At the conclusion of the speech the bands played once more, and William Howard Taft, now ex-president of the United States, entered a carriage with the new president and, reversing the order of an hour before, sat on the left hand side of the carriage, while Mr. Wilson took "the seat of honor" on the right. The crowds cheered as they drove away to the White House, which Woodrow Wilson entered as the occupant and which William H. Taft immediately left as one whose lease had expired.

WILSON HONORED BY FINE PARADE

New President Reviews Immense Inaugural Procession.

AVENUE A GLORIOUS SIGHT

General Wood, Grand Marshal—Veterans, National Guard and Civilians in Line—Indians Add Touch of Picturesque.

By EDWARD B. CLARK.

Washington, March 4.—Woodrow Wilson, as ex-president of Princeton, rode down Pennsylvania avenue today, and later rode up the same avenue as president of the United States, and as the highest officer of government a few minutes thereafter reviewed the multitudes of soldiers and civilians, with playing bands and flying flags, marched by to give him proper official and personal honor.

For several nights Pennsylvania avenue has been a glory of light. Today it was a glory of color, movement and music. Here are 300,000 inhabitants of the city of Washington. Its temporary population is nearer the half million mark. The absentees from the flanking lines of the parade were mostly the policemen, who were given orders to protect the temporarily vacated residences of the capital.

Woodrow Wilson asked that "Jeffersonian simplicity" be observed in all things which had to do with his inauguration. The command for Jeffersonian simplicity seems to be susceptible to elastic construction. There was nothing savoring of courts or royalty, but there was evidence in plenty that the American people love uniforms and all kinds of display which can find a place within the limits of democratic definition. It was a good parade and a great occasion generally.

Thronged Vociferous With Joy.
The inhibition of the inaugural ball and of the planned public reception at the capitol had no effect as a bar to the attendance at this ceremony of changing presidents. Masses were here to see, and other masses were here to march. There was a greater demonstration while the procession was passing than there was four years ago. Victory had come to a party which had known nothing like victory for a good many years. The joy of posses-



Escorting the President-Elect to White House at a Previous Inauguration.

sion found expression in steady and abundantly noisy acclaim.

President Taft and President-elect Wilson were escorted down the avenue by the National Guard troop of cavalry of Essex county, New Jersey. The carriage in which rode Vice-President-elect Marshall and President pro tempore Bacon of the United States senate was surrounded by the members of the Black Horse troop of the Culver Military academy of Indiana. This is the first time in the history of inaugural ceremonies that a guard of honor has escorted a vice-president to the scene of his oath taking.

Parade a Monster Affair.

The military and the civil parade, a huge affair which stretched its length for miles along the Washington streets, formed on the avenues radiating from the capitol. After President-elect Wilson had become President Wilson and Vice-President-elect Marshall had become Vice-President Marshall, they went straightway from the capitol to the White House and thence shortly to the reviewing stand in the park at the mansion's front.

The parade, with Maj. Gen. Leonard Wood, United States army, as its grand marshal, started from the capitol grounds to move along the avenue to the White House, where it was to pass in review. The trumpeter sounded "forward march" at the instant the signal was flashed from the White house that in fifteen minutes the newly elected president and commander-in-chief of the armies and navies of the United States would be ready to review "his troops."

It was thought that the parade might lack some of the picturesque features which particularly appealed to the people on former occasions. There were Indians and rough riders here not only when Roosevelt was inaugurated, but when he went out of office and was succeeded by William H. Taft. The parade, however, in honor of Mr. Wilson seemed to be picturesque enough in its features to appeal to the multitudes. They certainly made use enough of it.

The parade was in divisions,

with General Wood as the grand marshal of the whole affair and having a place at its head. The display, in the words invariably used on like occasions, was "impressive and brilliant."

Regulars in First Division.
The regulars of the country's two armed services naturally had the right of way. Maj. Gen. W. W. Wether- spoon, United States army, was in command of the first division, in which marched the soldiers and sailors and marines from the posts and the navy yards within a day's ride of Washington. The West Point cadets and the midshipmen from the naval academy at Annapolis, competent beyond other corps in manual and in evolution, the future generals and admirals of the army, had place in the first division.

All branches of the army service were represented in the body of regulars—engineers, artillery, cavalry, infantry and signal corps. The sailors and marines from half a dozen battle-ships rolled along smartly in the wake of their landmen brethren.

The National Guard division followed the division of regulars. It was commanded by Brig. Gen. Albert L. Mills, United States army, who wore the medal of honor given him for conspicuous personal gallantry at the battle of San Juan hill. General Mills is the chief of the militia division of the United States war department.

The entire National Guard of New Jersey was in line, and Pennsylvania, Massachusetts, Maryland, Virginia, Georgia, Maine and North Carolina were represented by bodies of civilian soldiers. Cadets from many of the private and state military schools of the country had a place in the militia division.

Veterans and Civilians.

The third division of the parade was composed of Grand Army of the Republic veterans, members of the Union Veteran league and of the Spanish war organizations. Gen. James E. Stuart of Chicago, a veteran of both the Civil and the Spanish wars, was in command.

Robert N. Harper, chief marshal of the civic forces, commanded the fourth division. Under his charge were political organizations from all parts of the country, among them being Tammany, represented by 2,000 of its braves, and Democratic clubs from Chicago, Boston, Philadelphia, Baltimore and other cities.

They put the American Indians into the civilian division. The fact that they were in war paint and feathers helped out in picturesqueness and did nothing to disturb the peace. Members of the United Hunt Clubs of

America rode in this division. Their pink coats and their high hats apparently were not thought to jar "Jeffersonian simplicity" from its seat. Pink coats were worn on the hunting field in Jefferson's day and in Jefferson's state.

There were 1,000 Princeton students in the civic section of the parade. Many of them wore orange and black sweaters and they were somewhat noisy though perfectly proper. Students from seventeen other colleges and universities were among the marchers.

Spectators Cheer Constantly.

All along Pennsylvania avenue, from the capitol to a point four blocks beyond the White House, the spectators were massed in lines ten deep. The cheering was constant and Woodrow Wilson cannot complain that the ceremonies attending his induction into office were not accompanied by apparently heartfelt acclaim of the people over whom he is to rule for at least four years.

Every window in every building on Pennsylvania avenue which is not occupied for office purposes was rented weeks ago for a good round sum of money. Every room overlooking the marching parade was taken by as many spectators as could find a vantage point from which to peer through the window panes. The roofs of the buildings were covered with persons willing to stand for hours in a March day to see the wonders of the inaugural parade, and many of them particularly glad of an opportunity to go home and to say that after many years waiting they had seen a Democratic president inaugurated.

The parade passed the reviewing stand of President Wilson, who stood uncovered while the marchers saluted. When the last organization had marched by dusk was coming down. The hundreds of thousands of electric lamps were lighted and Washington at night became along its main thoroughfare as bright as Washington at day. The loss of the attraction of the inaugural ball was compensated for by the finest display of fireworks it is said, this city has ever known.

WILSON SPEAKS TO THE NATION

Inaugural Address Delivered by the New President.

SEES WORK OF RESTORATION

Task of Victorious Democracy is to Square Every Process of National Life With Standards Set Up at the Beginning.

Washington, March 4.—President Wilson's inaugural address, remarkable for its brevity, was listened to with the greatest interest by the vast throng which was gathered in front of the capitol's east portico, and at its close there was heard nothing but praise for its eloquence and high moral tone. The address in full was as follows:

There has been a change of government. It began two years ago, when the house of representatives became Democratic by a decisive majority. It has now been completed. The senate about to assemble will also be Democratic. The offices of president and vice-president have been put into the hands of Democrats. What does the change mean? That is the question that is uppermost in our minds today. That is the question I am going to try to answer, in order, if I may, to interpret the occasion.

Purpose of the Nation.

It means much more than the mere success of a party. The success of a party means little except when the nation is using that party for a large and definite purpose. No one can mistake the purpose for which the nation now seeks to use the Democratic party. It seeks to use it to interpret a change in its own plans and point of view. Some old things which we had grown familiar, and which had begun to creep into the very habit of our thought and of our lives, have altered their aspect as we have latterly looked critically upon them, with fresh, awakened eyes; have dropped their disguises and shown themselves alien and sinister. Some new things, as we look frankly upon them, willing to comprehend their real character, have come to assume the aspect of things long believed in and familiar, stuff of our own convictions. We have been refreshed by a new insight into our own life.

We see that in many things that life is very great. It is incomparably great in its material aspects, in its body of wealth, in the diversity and sweep of its energy, in the industries which have been conceived and built up by the genius of individual men and the limitless enterprise of groups of men. It is great, also, very great, in its moral force. Nowhere else in the world have noble men and women exhibited in more striking form the beauty and energy of sympathy and helpfulness and counsel in their efforts to rectify wrong, alleviate suffering, and set the weak in the way of strength and hope. We have built up, moreover, a great system of government, which has stood through a long age as in many respects a model for those who seek to set liberty upon foundations that will endure against fortuitous change, against storm and accident. Our life contains every great thing, and contains it in rich abundance.

Evils That Have Come.

But the evil has come with the good, and much fine gold has been corroded. With riches has come inexcusable waste. We have squandered a great part of what we might have used, and have not stopped to conserve the exceeding bounty of nature, without which our genius for enterprise would have been worthless and impotent, scornful to be careful, shamefully prodigal as well as admirably efficient. We have been proud of our industrial achievements, but we have not hitherto stopped thoughtfully enough to count the human cost, the cost of lives snuffed out of energies overtaxed and broken, the fearful physical and spiritual cost to the men and women and children upon whom the dead weight and burden of it all has fallen pitilessly the years through. The groans and agony of it all had not yet reached our ears, the solemn, moving undertone of our life, coming up out of the mines and factories and out of every home where the struggle had its intimate and familiar seat. With the great government went many deep secret things which we too long delayed to look into and scrutinize with candid, fearless eyes. The great government we loved has too often been made use of for private and selfish purposes, and those who used it had forgotten the people.

At last a vision has been vouchsafed us of our life as a whole. We see the bad with the good, the debased and decadent with the sound and vital. With this vision we approach new affairs. Our duty is to cleanse, to reconsider, to restore, to correct the evil without impairing the good, to purify and humanize every process of our common life without weakening or sentimentalizing it. There has been something crude and heartless and unfeeling in our haste to succeed and be great. Our thought has been "Let every man look out for himself, let every generation look out for itself," while we reared giant machinery which made it impossible that any but those who stood at the levers of control should have a chance to look

out for themselves. We had not forgotten our morals. We remembered well enough that we had set up a policy which was meant to serve the humblest as well as the most powerful, with an eye single to the standards of justice and fair play, and remembered it with pride. But we were very heedless and in a hurry to be great.

Things to Be Altered.

We have come now to the sober second thought. The scales of heedlessness have fallen from our eyes. We have made up our minds to square every process of our national life again with the standards we so proudly set up at the beginning and have always carried at our hearts. Our work is a work of restoration.

We have itemized the things that ought to be altered and here are some of the chief items: A tariff which cuts us off from our proper part in the commerce of the world, violates the just principles of taxation, and makes the government a facile instrument in the hands of private interests; a banking and currency system based upon the necessity of the government to sell its bonds fifty years ago and perfectly adapted to concentrating cash and restricting credits; an industrial system which, take it on all its sides, financial as well as administrative, holds capital in leading strings, restricts the liberties and limits the opportunities of labor, and exploits without renewing or conserving the natural resources of the country; a body of agricultural activities never yet given the efficiency of great business undertakings or served as it should be through the instrumentality of science taken directly to the farm, or afforded the facilities of credit best suited to its practical needs; water courses undeveloped, waste places unreclaimed, forests untended, fast disappearing without plan or prospect of renewal, unregarded waste heaps at every mine. We have studied as perhaps no other nation has the most effective means of production, but we have not studied cost or economy as we should either as organizers of industry, as statesmen, or as individuals.

Government for Humanity.

Nor have we studied and perfected the means by which government may be put at the service of humanity, in safeguarding the health of the nation, the health of its men and its women and its children, as well as their rights in the struggle for existence. This is no sentimental duty. The firm basis of government is justice, not pity. These are matters of justice. There can be no equality or opportunity, the first essential of justice in the body politic, if men and women and children be not shielded in their lives, their very vitality, from the consequences of great industrial and social processes which they cannot alter, control, or singly cope with. Society must see to it that it does not itself crush or weaken or damage its own constituent parts. The first duty of law is to keep sound the society it serves. Sanitary laws, pure food laws, and laws determining conditions of labor which individuals are powerless to determine for themselves are intimate parts of the very business of justice and legal efficiency.

These are some of the things we ought to do, and not leave the others undone, the old-fashioned, never-to-be-neglected, fundamental safeguarding of property and of individual right. This is the high enterprise of the new day; to lift everything that concerns our life as a nation to the light that shines from the hearthfire of every man's conscience and vision of the right. It is inconceivable that we should do this as partisans; it is inconceivable we should do it in ignorance of the facts as they are or in blind haste. We shall restore, not destroy. We shall deal with our economic system as it is and as it may be modified, not as it might be if we had a clean sheet of paper to write upon; and step by step we shall make it what it should be, in the spirit of those who question their own wisdom and seek counsel and knowledge, not shallow self-satisfaction or the excitement of excursions whither they cannot tell. Justice, and only justice, shall always be our motto.

Nation Deeply Stirred.

And yet it will be no cool process of mere science. The nation has been deeply stirred, stirred by a solemn passion, stirred by the knowledge of wrong, of ideals lost, of government too often debauched and made an instrument of evil. The feelings with which we face this new age of right and opportunity sweep across our heart-strings like some air out of God's own presence, where justice and mercy are reconciled and the judge and the brother are one. We know our task to be no mere task of politics but a task which shall search us through and through, whether we be able to understand our time and the need of our people, whether we be indeed their spokesmen and interpreters, whether we have the pure heart to comprehend and the rectified will to choose our high course of action.

This is not a day of triumph; it is a day of dedication. Here must not the forces of party, but the forces of humanity. Men's hearts wait upon us; men's lives hang in the balance; men's hopes call upon us to say what we will do. Who shall live up to the great trust? Who dares fail to try? I summon all honest men, all patriotic, all forward-looking men, to my side. God helping me, I will not fail them, if they will but counsel and sustain me!

Possibly the era of superstition is withering away. One of the great steamship lines is to start out its vessels on Fridays hereafter. Yet the canny traveler still refuses to sleep in upper 13.

RURAL NEWS ITEMS

LAKE VILLA

Edgar Kerr was home over Sunday.

C. B. Hamlin was in Chicago on business Friday.

P. S. Daniels spent Sunday with his family here.

Born to Mr. and Mrs. Roy Murrie on March 2, a son.

O. W. Lehman spent Saturday at Maple Lawn farm.

D. R. Manzer transacted business in Chicago on Monday.

Rush Hussey and Bert Hooper spent Sunday in Chicago.

N. G. Lentzer spent over Sunday at Menomonee Falls, Wis.

T. D. Sexton of Chicago was a business caller here Friday.

Edmond Ames and family are moving this week from the Manzer house to a farm near Gurnee.

Lumber is being hauled from here to rebuild the Harbaugh lumber shed at Fox Lake which burned recently.

Capt. and Mrs. Bradley of Allendale Farm returned this week from a trip to New York, Washington D. C., and other Eastern points.

The Angola Cemetery society will meet Tuesday, March 18, with Miss Mary Keir. Members please take notice and be present.

Sleighting parties are popular these evenings. A load of young people from here visited Grayslake Tuesday evening and Antioch Wednesday evening.

Special services were held at the church here Friday, Saturday and Sunday evenings. Rev. Lowrie was assisted by Messrs. Loveland, MacFarland and Greene from Northwestern University.

Good Word for Cheese.

The popular idea that cheese is not easily digestible is a delusion. We may, therefore, pass the cheese without passing it up.

Shows British on All Spool

Trenton, N. J. called thread the federal govt suit filed the dissolution of monopoly b of Great Brita the United St the American a consolidation panies.

Evidence w ling that these an excessive thread used b seamstresses ment workers.

Under the Coates (Ltd.) alleged the thread trade l restrained by fair competiti

The petitio General Wich Fowler, assist eral, was filed ney Vreeland.

New York, the so-called by the govern In the United here under law Monday.

FALLS 17

Marble Work York Ele out

New York, a marble wor fell from the bottom of a new Muncln here Monday, rived from th Brunnen was of empty cen a cigarette. found he had leg bones an

Mexican arch- too! little l Thre O'Keel in str wrapp ly yell mouth "I one o th of was of a curv oreo pur of int 101 24 si 70 co m in tr

Confedera Raleigh, N doph Smith federate sta home here Smith was had not bee

Jamaica London, l Sir William Colony of J aree of divo His main c nling was m

MILLBURN

Jane Armour returned from Scotland last week.

John and James Levey are very sick with scarlet fever.

A. E. Jack of Antioch township has moved onto the Wineckie Place.

Willis Webb moved from Rosecrans to the Rose farm north of Millburn.

Gordon Wells of Antioch visited at the home of Ernest Wells last week.

The C. E. society will give their home talent entertainment, March 14.

Mr. and Mrs. C. Preston and family moved Monday to a farm west of Loon Lake.

The Dodge school is closed and the Sunday school will be closed until further notice.

HICKORY

Moving seems to be the order of the day.

Miss Smith returned to her school duties Monday.

Mrs. David Pullen spent last Thursday in Antioch.

Irene Savage visited the latter part of the week with Antioch relatives.

Dora Pedersen visited the latter part of the week with Mrs. C. Paulson.

O. L. Hollenbeck commenced work at David Pullen's Monday morning for the season.

There will be a basket social at the Hickory church, Wednesday evening, March 12. Ladies-bring lunch for two.

Convincing.

"That Mrs. Topfloor must know I powder my face," decided Mrs. De Puff, "for just now I heard her telling the janitor's wife that she thought I belonged to the plasterers' union!"

SALEM

A. Hartnell and wife entertained company last week.

Mr. Spafford of Antioch sold a piano to C. Cook last week.

The Farmer's Institute held here last week was well attended.

S. Cull and M. Acher attended the horse sale at Bristol Saturday.

E. Rhodes and wife entertained relatives from Union Grove last week.

Miss Olive Hope entertained relatives from northern Wisconsin over Sunday.

The program given Thursday night was a success in every way and much credit is given the committee.

Slight Omission.

Editor—"Yes. We have arranged for two reporters to handle the news of the president's wife, one for each of his children, one for the household pets and still another to cover his country relatives who are visiting Washington." Owner—"But what men have you got to handle the news of the president himself?" Editor—"No body."—Confound it, I knew there was something I forgot!"—Puck.

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HIGH SCHOOL NOTES

Latest! Kerosene used for perfume. Whew! We should worry.

Monday, March 3, warsh day, Hester absent, sore throat, You know.

Shirley Oleott visited school Monday as the guest of Buddie.

Who was the certain person who saw a certain person at a certain place on Monday afternoon at 3:30?

Dan likes violent exercise, or at least, he gives one that impression.

Bud became very much interested in a certain subject Monday p. m., and therefore forgot to amble along to school.

Why did someone wish for a sleigh ride the other day behind two mules?

Adolph follows the style of a "College Kid."

Several of the Sophomores and Freshmans were sleigh riding Sunday p. m.

Louise and Effie were absent last week. What was the matter, Louise?

Scandalous! The plumber winked at Elsie.

Kisser gets next to the organ.

The Physics class finished reviewing Tuesday.

In order, to have more of a chance to have a half-holiday, the boys and girls are to be divided. The side having the better attendance will be entertained by the losing side.

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John Teska to Frank Kandlik lot in Village of Antioch wd 2700 00

Est of J. L. Tweed (dec'd) to Axel Huseby lot 72, Tweed's Pista Lake sub wd 1600 00

James O'Hare and wf to Walter Lucas 40 acres in n w 1 sec 28, Newport twp wd 3700 00

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W. E.